



Saturday Specials

Shoulder Pork 25 and 26c	Spaghetti 12c
Hog Liver, 2 lb. for 25c	Shrimps, while they last 25c
Beef Stew 14-16c	3 for 25c
Beef Roast 16-18c	Apple Butter, 50c jars 35c
Hamburg Steak 22c	All 15c plain Olives 10c
Large can Beans 17c	All 10c plain Olives 8c
Large can Milk 15c	All 25c plain Olives 20c
Herring, 15 oz. can 15c	

CASH and CARRY Saves
You 4 Per Cent.

STRICTLY CASH MARKET

F. H. MILKS, Proprietor
Phone No. 2

Health Precaution

The common sense way is to keep the health right. And the way to keep good health is to EAT PURE FOOD. Impure or inferior foods are a menace to health, and should never be allowed on your table.

Our Groceries Will Stand the Test

We can't advertise CHEAP groceries now. The cheap article is just the thing you DON'T want.

But we CAN furnish you THE BEST in all staple and fancy groceries.

And our prices are VERY REASONABLE when you know the EXCELLENCE of our goods.

H. Petersen, GROCER
Phone No. 25

L. J. KRAUS (Successor to A. Kraus Est.)

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Builders' Supplies
Paints and Oils, Sporting Goods
Plumbing and Tin Shop

The stove season is now here. Come in and look over our line of

HEATING STOVES and RANGES

We carry the Florence Hot Blast Air Tight; the Universal Line, Peninsular and Garland

Come in and look over our Guns and Ammunition

Yours for business,

L. J. KRAUS

Max Landsberg

SHOES, CLOTHING and GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS

WE HAVE MOVED

Our new location is in the new Salling building recently occupied by the Royal Cafe, and now we want the people of Crawford county to know that we are doing business at the new stand. We want you to get acquainted with our store and our service. Steady customers are what we want and if you once come here you will soon get the habit of coming here for all your needs in our line.

MAX LANDSBERG

\$2,000 FOR ARMY

Y. M. C. A. FUND

CRAWFORD COUNTY COMMITTEE MAKING STRONG CANVAS.

Business Men and Other Citizens are Generous Donors.

The drive to raise \$2,000 for the Army Y. M. C. A. is going forward and each day sees the amount subscribed greatly increased.

The campaign opened last Sunday and on Monday night there was a mass meeting at the High school auditorium where a talk by F. C. Wegener was given. Mr. Wegener is secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Mt. Clemens, and is also a member of the U. S. Aviation corps stationed at that place.

MASS MEETING AT SCHOOL HOUSE. Prof. Otterbein acted as master of ceremonies. There were selections by the Grayling band after which the meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Mitchell. After singing America, and preliminary remarks by the chairman, Mr. Wegener was introduced.

He gave an outline of some of the work done by the Army Y. M. C. A. in America and abroad. He said it is hard to realize we are at war. He asked his auditors to picture the pacific conditions in America in contrast to the mind picture of conditions in France, Belgium, Russia and Italy, and then be thankful that the battles are not being fought on American soil.

Among other things the speaker said in part: It is the duty of every American citizen to use every element to bring the war to a successful close. America is right and we never went into battle except for the right.

At present there are 39 million men under arms, and seven million have been killed. This vast body of soldiers must be served by someone, and that is the work the Army Y. M. C. A. is doing.

In speaking of Russia he said, Russia has buried three million soldiers; Russia is sick and war-weary. During the early part of the war she did noble work and he assured his audience that through all this adversity, Russia is going to stick by the Allies. He gave many striking illustrations of the noble work being done by the Y. M. C. A. and told how important it was in helping to win the war.

Just one instance of the many he mentioned, we will give our readers. This happened after General Pershing had made an inspection of the soldier camps of France and England. There he found the fighting spirit of the men at a low ebb, and the men war-weary. The high military officials of those countries appealed to General Pershing for a remedy and he replied that there was but one remedy and that was to establish in the army camps the American Y. M. C. A. "Can you do it?" was the eager question. Well, you bet Pershing could do it, and did. There are now 500 American Y. M. C. A. secretaries in France, nearly 200 in Russia and hundreds to follow.

"The Y. M. C. A. don't fight, why is it so important to have them?" This is a question often asked. War is a serious business, filled with hardships, suffering, privation, homesickness and other discomforts. The Y. M. C. A. contributes to the soldier the glad hand and hearty cheer, just when he feels down and out, and helps to make life in camp worth living. It is the soldier's club house, where he meets his friends, hears good music, speeches, writes his letters and spends his leisure time. The hearth fire is ever burning in the big "Y" building and the doors are ever open. The atmosphere here is always clean, uplifting and wholesome and our boys need just such recreation and encouragement as is received at the "Y."

Those receiving letters from soldiers in camp usually find them written on Y. M. C. A. stationery, and we may be assured they were written in Y. M. C. A. tents or headquarters. The "Y" at Camp Custer, Battle Creek furnishes 32,000 envelopes and many times that number of sheets of stationery every week free to the boys in camp. If anyone wants to know just how much the "Y" is appreciated by the soldiers, just ask any of them. Invariably they say "we cannot do without the Y. M. C. A."

The Y. M. C. A. is a strong counter attraction against social evils and vices that surround all army camps. We must place every reasonable safeguard around our boys and the Y. M. C. A. is the biggest force we know of today to do this work. It takes money to run the army Y. M. C. A. They are backed up by the U. S. government and we are now being asked to contribute from our purses 35 million dollars for their support.

Crawford county is asked for \$2,000 as our quota. Now when the collectors call upon you please be prepared to give, and give liberally. The fund is already started and our business men practically all head the list with \$25.00 each. The lumber companies are giving \$200.00 each and individuals are giving from \$1.00 to \$100.00 each. If the committee don't see you, you may

Interesting Letter from France.

The following interesting letter received by a Graylord lady and written by Miss Bertha Woodburn in France, is copied from the Graylord Advance. Miss Woodburn is a Grayling girl and well known here. She was a nurse in Harper hospital, Detroit, and is at present a Red Cross nurse at a base hospital, "somewhere in France."

Somewhere in France.
Oct. 1, 1917.

We have had two very busy days. Saturday p. m. went on our trip to Napoleon's monument and it is a wonderful place, climbed way up to the top of the hill where he used to stand to view his troops and right well he could do it for you can see all over the country from up there. Grace and I had pictures taken upon the cement balcony playing double cauld. By the way, please send me a couple of new decks of cards, the ones you buy here have only 40 cards in, also in that box stick some jars of dried beef. We have used all we had and it tastes exceedingly good over here.

On our way up the mountain we stopped and ordered our dinner for 5:30 p. m., so it was all ready for us and a wonderful meal for 80 cents apiece or four francs each. Came home loaded down with roses of every color; the roses here in gardens are just like our hot house roses and as common as dandelions at home. Fare out was one franc return trip a distance of seven miles. We came home that night tired out but were up early yesterday a. m. and at it again.

Had a water battle in and outside of my room in the a. m. before church. Frances wanted to get in and I would not let her so she started pitching water thru my trousers. Church at 10:30 a. m. after which we made fudge for Geo. Smith, and then dinner and then a ball game between Roosevelt, Unit 15 and Unit 17, 8 to 4 in our favor. Quite a good ball game. Then rushed down to one of the stations to meet a troop train of U. S. soldiers going thru, stopped off here three hours and needless to say we missed our evening meal to talk English. The boys had not seen anyone speaking English since they left their boat, which was on the 20th but seemed like years and I well know how that seems, and then back home here for song service which was good, more so owing to the

(Continued on last page.)

leave or send your subscriptions to any one of the following: Chairman T. W. Hanson, Fred Welsh, Thomas Cassidy, Harry Simpson, Lewis' Drug store, Prof. Otterbein, Rev. Riess, Rev. Mitchell, Avalanche office or the Bank at Grayling or Bank of Frederic at Frederic.

The committee are all business men and cannot give up all their time to soliciting subscriptions and a general county canvas cannot easily be made. This matter is up to the people of Crawford county and everybody is urged to do all they can in the interest of this worthy cause by giving liberally.

Subscriptions received up to Wednesday night are as follows:

Kerry & Hanson	\$200.00
Salling, Hanson Co.	200.00
R. Hanson & Sons	200.00
T. W. Hanson	25.00
Game & Burrows	25.00
Thomas Cassidy	25.00
The Simpson Co.	25.00
Hans Petersen	25.00
John Benson	25.00
Grayling Hotel Co.	25.00
Sorenson Bros.	25.00
A. M. Lewis	25.00
F. H. Milks	25.00
Fred R. Welsh	25.00
Grayling Mercantile Co.	25.00
Chris Olson	10.00
Minute Nelson	5.00
A. L. Phelps	5.00
Hymen Joseph	5.00
Charles Abbott	2.00
Victor Salling	2.00
Charles Blair	2.00
A. J. Joseph	1.00
G. G. Pringle	1.00
George Mahon	1.00
Margaret Jensen	1.00

In a letter addressed to Mrs. L. J. Kraus, and written by Miss Bertha Woodburn, a Red Cross nurse now in France, she says: "The Y. M. C. A. is a wonderful organization. If it wasn't for them we wouldn't have any comforts at all."

Think of this coming from a nurse. If they are deprived of comforts, certainly the soldier in the trenches will fare much worse.

What Michigan Soldiers Say.

The captain of a Grand Rapids company was asked a favor. He came back: "You're from the Y. M. C. A., are you? It's all right then. Anything you want that we can get is yours."

"Bill" says: "she's ace high—the Y. M. C. A. Since I came to Custer I've tumbled to the fact of what a really big thing the Y. M. C. A. is. No kidding—it's all there and I'm no religious man either."

A soldier boy from the upper peninsula standing in one of the buildings last Sunday was watching the home folks eating their lunches on the Y. M. C. A. tables. "It will be hard, won't it? We can't take them with us," he said, turning to a secretary, "but you and this," swinging his arm around the building, "will go with us," he added solemnly and earnestly.

School Notes

"Religion, morality and knowledge being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged."—Ordinance of 1787.

Some of the 7A English class still have the idea that "there" is the name of some kind of an animal and may be used as the subject in the sentence "There stood a man."

The geography classes of the 7th grade have completed some fine maps of Africa and Eurasia. A blackboard map in colors showing the rainfall of Australia was unusually well done, and was drawn by Richard Lovely.

The 8B arithmetic class have been making problems and working on bank discount and have indirectly hindered the efficiency of the force in the city bank by asking questions and demanding explanations of various banking terms.

The Algebra III class has decided that the world is a pretty good old place after all, and they are getting on finely with Surds.

The new boxes of mathematical blocks and figures are proving very helpful to the 8A class in their study of solids.

Numerous supplies for our laboratories have arrived lately.

One half of all the students in the Junior high passed in all subjects.

Tardiness in High school:

	Sept.	Oct.
Junior High	18	26
Senior High	36	29

Eight of the 26 cases were caused by two pupils.

Twelve of the 29 cases were caused by two pupils.

SIXTH GRADE, SEC. 1, MISS M. LOCKWOOD.

Mrs. S. S. Phelps was a welcome visitor Tuesday afternoon.

Ruth Ward entered the Sixth B Monday.

The Sixth A history class are enthusiastic over the life of Henry Clay and the effect of his compromises on the North and South.

Frederic School Notes.

The Thanksgiving spirit is in the atmosphere. Get the spirit.

Carlton Wythe has quit school and is going to Detroit to work in the Packard shops.

The intermediate grades are busy learning Thanksgiving songs.

Erma Craven and Bessie Malco were in Grayling last week.

The fourth and fifth grades are learning poems—"The Boy is Coming Home" and "The Landing of the Pilgrims."

Mae McDermald spent the week end with Bessie Malco.

The German two class will complete lumenec this week and next classic will be William Tell.

Flora Malco is teaching the Kindergarten room a few days this week, because of the death of Mrs. Cameron's father.

The 7th and 8th grade had charge of morning exercises Friday.

Miss Paris and Miss Lamming were in Grayling last week.

Wonderful!

Are the showings of new Fall and Winter Dress Goods. Plaids in all colors, 36-in. wide at \$1.00 per yard. Stripes in all colors, 50-in. wide at \$1.75 per yard.

Striped Silks in skirt lengths only 1 yard wide \$2.00 per yd.

New Autumn Georgettes in readiness. There are so many uses to which Georgettes may be put that its popularity is not a matter of vogue, but it seems that Georgette is more in demand this season than ever and for this reason we consider ourselves fortunate in having a complete assortment—all 40-in. wide at \$2.00 per yd.

New showing of Voiles, Scrim, Etamine, Marquisette and Cretonnes, for dressing your home for winter.

Special We have just what you so much need at this time—YARN—all colors, and KNITTING NEEDLES—all sizes, in white, amber and mahogany.

EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods and Clothing Store

A Request

EAT
CASSIDY'S
MODEL BREAD

A Statement

A Bread that will stand the test of Comparison.

We ask the home that is unsatisfied with the bread now used—to test CASSIDY'S.

A Fact

It will prove its high quality to you as it has to hundreds of other homes

Demand The Original By Full Name
CASSIDY'S MODEL BREAD
Others Encourage Substitution

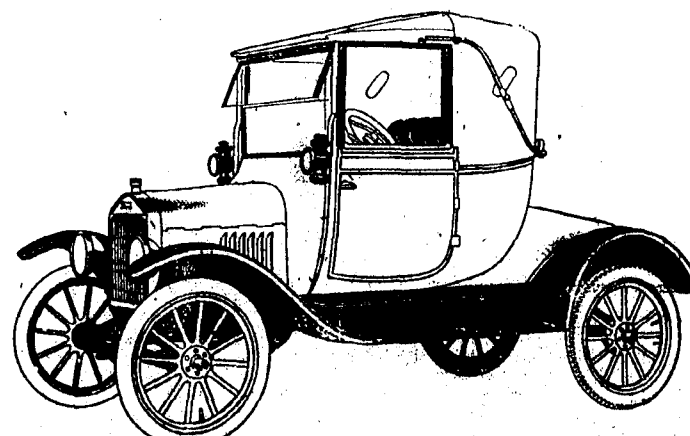
Model Bakery THOS. CASSIDY, Proprietor

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Coupelet gives its owner a large measure of modern luxury in equipment and attractive appearance for small purchase price and the assurance of low cost for operation and maintenance. The permanent top does away with the bother of raising and lowering while the sliding plate glass windows, with removable pillar, transform it into a breezy open or a snugly closed car. The interior is roomy with generous seat deeply upholstered. It's a car of quality. Price \$505 f. o. b. Detroit.

GEORGE BURKE, Grayling, Michigan.



COST OF BUILDING CUSTER \$7,000,000

CAMP FINALLY FINISHED, ALTHOUGH A MONTH BEHIND THE SCHEDULE.

PRUDDEN TO FIX COAL PRICES

State Fuel Director Given Authority to Set Price of Michigan Product, at Mines.

Lansing. Camp Custer, the home of the 85th division of the national army, and the future home, it is expected, of other divisions, until the great war shall be fought to its close, was formally handed over to the government November 15. Four millions of dollars was the first estimate of the price. That amount, confidential authorities say, has long been forgotten. Today the government stands the government close to \$7,000,000.

More than a month behind the schedule, the quartermaster's construction department is entitled to high praise for its work, which, wonderful enough under any conditions, has been made yet more wonderful by the tremendous handicaps under which it has labored.

Constant changing of plans probably worked more havoc with the speed record at Camp Custer than in any other of the new army cantonments. The government has found it necessary to make several additions to the camp capacity, adding a large number of buildings which were not included in the first estimate.

Yet wonderful speed has been made. One need but look at this tremendous city, built to house almost 40,000 men, and think that it has sprung from the corn and wheat fields of July 1, to realize how great the accomplishment has been. Now it is a model community with sewers, light, heat and water, in every one of its thousands of dwellings.

Prudden to fix Price of State Coal.

Power to fix the price at the mine, of coal produced in Michigan and sold in the state to consumers for consumption in the commonwealth has been delegated to W. K. Prudden, state fuel administrator, by Dr. Garfield, national fuel administrator.

Mr. Prudden is holding a series of conferences and consultations and is having investigations made which will determine the price which producers of coal in Michigan mines may charge for their output.

Just when this work will be finished and basic prices set is not known by Mr. Prudden.

In a conference with C. S. Cunningham, railroad commissioner, Frank H. Alfred, president of the Pere Marquette railroad, said that encouraging reports had been received from the national council of defense in which foreign equipment was to be given the Pere Marquette lines for the movement of coal supplies.

Such action would be a step in the relief of cities and towns on the line which have been suffering a coal shortage through the inability of the line serving them to procure equipment for coal movement.

State Ready for Next Loan Drive.

Michigan is ready for the third Liberty loan, whenever it comes, and in the next campaign will sell a much larger number of bonds, and for a vastly greater aggregate amount than in either the first or second loans.

That was the sentiment at a dinner given at Detroit in honor of the chairman and his associates in the 32 counties of the eastern half of the lower peninsula of Michigan, who directed the work of placing the second Liberty loan in that part of the state.

Chairmen from 15 counties attended, besides Frederick R. Fenton, Chicago, chairman of the Michigan division of the Federal Reserve bank for the seventh reserve district, in which Michigan is located and A. W. Bullard, Chicago, secretary of the seventh district reserve bank.

Monroe-Toledo Road to Be Rushed.

At a meeting of the war preparedness board it was voted to expend \$35,000 in completing the road between Detroit and Toledo. Monroe county will contribute \$15,000. This is a temporary road to make the way passable for trucks between Detroit and Toledo. The permanent road, which is in a process of litigation between bonding companies, will also be rushed to completion.

Employment Bureau Place 9,488.

Positions were obtained for 8,551 men and 932 women by state free employment bureaus during October. Detroit led in placing both sexes. On men employed the other bureaus ranked as follows: Flint, Grand Rapids, Lansing, Jackson, Battle Creek, Saginaw, Kalamazoo, Muskegon, Bay City.

State Will Aid U. of M. Cadets.

The war board has authorized the expenditure of money to complete the equipment of not more than 2,000 University of Michigan student cadets.

President Hutchins, Dean Cooley and Lieutenant Mullen said that arrangements had been made for the organization of the corps, but the government would only allow fourteen dollars a man for uniforms. The board voted to furnish the rest of the money estimated to the about ten dollars a man.

Phone Rate Raisers Protested.

Citizens of 42 towns appeared before the railroad commission and objected to raise in rates by the Michigan State Telephone company. The burden of the complaints was either that the rates were too high or that they were not commensurate with the service given. On behalf of the telephone company, figures showing the investment in each one of the exchanges mentioned and the expenditure, in an investment for each telephone were given.

Custer Holds First Review.

In the presence of an immense "gallery," two-thirds feminine, the Eighty-fifth division of the new National army marched in its first review at Camp Custer last week.

It was the largest military demonstration ever held in Michigan.

The review itself was a splendid spectacle. In the dignified presence of Major-General Dickman and his distinguished guests from the British and French armies, 15,000 men wheeled across the parade ground, in platoon formation. No fancy evolutions were attempted, but the division had the appearance of a military machine.

As inspiring as was the review itself, a massing of 15,000 men in uniform under the observing eyes of official representatives of three allied nations, the real thrill came to those who, two or three months ago, saw these men straggle into camp, in civilian clothing, untrained, dressed in a thousand varieties of clothing, and generally disinterested, to all appearances, in military life.

The change in these men is remarkable. They marched well, saluted with snap and well merited the tremendous cheering they received. Major-General Dickman was obviously much impressed by the showing of the new army, while the townspeople and visitors from about the state could scarcely believe their eyes.

Although the largest military spectacle ever held in Michigan, this record cannot long be allowed to stand, for by the time another review is called for there will be 36,000 men to participate.

Unit of Objectors Formed.

Holding fast to religious tenets varying from those most commonly accepted, varying from prohibitions against killing even in self-protection to protest against meat eating and Saturday drilling, Camp Custer's conscientious objectors are now formed in one company, the twenty-third of the depot brigade.

For a time when these men first came to camp, they were confined in barracks and later in the guardhouse, because of their refusal to don the army uniform and participate in drilling. It was believed a scant diet and confinement would break their oddities and make them pliable for shaping into soldiers. There was no desire on the part of division officials to place upon them the severe penalties provided in such cases.

But so sincere and well-grounded were their beliefs that shouldering a rifle and firing at enemies would bar them forever from the mansions in the skies, that the punishment inflicted had no effect at all, and it was decided, until a final disposition is made of them, to form them into one company.

So far as possible the whims of each one are allowed to have sway, police duty and other work, which are not in line of preparation for direct engagements in battle, being their main occupations.

British Officers Arrive at Custer.

In line with a previously announced policy of the war department to have attached to each division such foreign officers as are necessary to impart information regarding European warfare that is essential before going overseas, 11 English officers have arrived at Camp Custer.

The new officers are quartered with the French officers in the foreign officers' barracks and will probably remain with the division until it goes overseas.

So far as the camp is concerned, it is ready and waiting for the entire quota of men. Barracks are completely fitted to receive the new contingent of recruits and the quartermaster's department formally declared that it would be able to supply uniforms and equipment to the entire quota immediately.

Not only is Camp Custer waiting for the new men, it is anxious to see them on their way as soon as possible. They will be more than seven weeks behind when they arrive at the earliest date and when it is considered that a recruit's first few days in camp net him little, the seven weeks can be stretched to eight without mistreating the seriousness of the situation. In other words, the men will be half way through their training by the time the last 55 per cent of the division's quota is ready for instruction.

The fact must be faced that this variation can scarcely be equalized in the two months of the training schedule which remain. Naturally the new men will progress rapidly as the camp is better organized, and their routine has been firmly established.

CAMP CUSTER NOTES

Many soldiers and officers now spend part of Saturday or Sunday in Kaia mazoo. The new interurban line between the camp and that city is running on a fast schedule and is doing a heavy business.

The four guns which have arrived for the artillery are distinguished by having been under fire. The steel shields are dented and nicked by bullets fired at them at 100-yard range to test them. The guns are the latest American model.

Officers who are compelled to wear natty uniforms are sighing for some of the good old German or British woven and dyed cloths, which gave such satisfactory wear. Cloth used now is not only very expensive, but its wearing qualities are dangerously low.

Four three-inch field pieces, eight caissons and 12 limbers finally have arrived at Camp Custer to give the artillery joy. The guns have been divided between the 28th and 329th artillery light regiments, the 330th, which needs heavy pieces being shut out.

Camp Custer is not in danger of a coal shortage, no matter what happens to the rest of the state. Coal has been arriving at the rate of 50 cars a day. The coal will continue to come at the rate of 50 cars a day until there is a surplus of 50,000 tons on hand.

Where The Men Stop For Their Hot Chocolate On Their Way to "Go Over The Top" On The Flanders Front



In these dug-outs, the soldier gets his last hot chocolate and his last word of cheer before he goes over the top. Word comes that American secretaries are serving American soldiers in dug-outs like these in France. British secretaries since the start of the war have had their dug-outs close up behind the first fighting line far within the range of the enemies' fire.

FINLAND BREAKS AWAY FROM RUSSIA

SEPARATE NATION IS FORMED—STATE OF WAR DECLARED THROUGHOUT LAND.

BRITISH GUNS AID ITALIANS

Eagerly Awaited Help for Hard Pressed Troops Has Finally Reached Battle Front on Piave Line.

Helsinki, Finland.—A state of war has been declared in Finland. The provisional soldiers' committee has appointed a sailor named Schieks as commissary of Finland in place of Governor-General Ukraasoff.

The diet is in session and Russian representation in it has been completely ignored. It has voted to elect a state directorate with supreme power. Professor Von Wendt, a delegate of the diet, has telegraphed President Wilson that owing to the poor harvest the country faces starvation unless food can be obtained in the United States.

British Guns Aid Italy.

London.—Eagerly awaited aid for Italy's hard pressed troops on the Piave line has reached the battle front in the form of British batteries, according to a dispatch from Italian headquarters. These batteries are expected to give support in staying the Austro-German advance.

Upon successful resistance to the German drive from the north depends the stability of the whole Italian front to the east as well as contained possession of Venice and what remains of the northeastern neck of Italy.

Berlin reports the capture of Asiago, after hard fighting. It is nearly a dozen miles, however, from Asiago to the Venetian plains. The Austro-German objective, with the route running through a hilly country lending itself admirably to defense. This was shown in the Austrian offensive of 1916, when the enemy was halted in the Asiago region.

POLICE NAB 41 SUFFRAGISTS

Big Parade Before White House Is Spoiled By Arrests.

Washington.—Forty-one militant suffragists were arrested at the gate of the White House Saturday when the biggest demonstration the National woman's party has conducted was staged.

Prisoners represented a dozen states and many have served jail terms for attempting to force their banners on the attention of President Wilson.

Final Count Leaves Ohio Wet.

Cincinnati.—With every county in Ohio having reported officially, 86 to the secretary of state and the remaining two by county seat officials, which on Monday had not yet been reported to the secretary of state, prohibition in Ohio has been defeated by a majority of 1,723, on the face of the returns. The total vote stands: For prohibition, 522,430; against 523,153.

Guns Hub to Hub in Flanders.

Pontiac.—"The decisive battle of the European war will be fought on the western front," says Lieutenant John Reed, of Kitchener, Ont., who was a member of the Canadian forces engaged in the battle of Vimy Ridge. "Big guns were ranged so thickly along the 13-mile front in the Vimy Ridge attack," he said, "that the hubs of carriages almost touched, and there were several rows of the guns of various calibers. A gunner could not hear the man beside him."

Puts Son on Hot Stove, Jailed.

Reed City.—Mrs. J. M. Ball, of Le Roy, has been bound over to circuit court for inhuman treatment of her child. Neighbors, a physician and a school teacher testified that she cruelly punished her seven-year-old son and then held him on a hot stove.

Mt. Clemens Wants Curfew.

Mt. Clemens.—Agitation has been started for a curfew in the city to keep young boys and girls off the streets in the evening.

SOUSA'S BAND IS HELPING NAVY

Famous Leader and Band of 300 in Detroit to Boost Recruiting.

Detroit.—Michigan's and Detroit's "drive" to recruit their quota of 1,000 of the 20,000 men the United States navy wants immediately, reached flood-tide with the arrival in this city, Monday afternoon of Lieutenant John Philip Sousa, the world's greatest bandmaster, and his band of nearly 300 pieces, from the Great Lakes Naval Training station, near Chicago.

A series of concerts throughout the week, in connection with other special "doings" has worked enthusiasm in the city to a high pitch.

BREAD PRICE EXPECTED TO DROP

Government Regulations Will Rule Baking Industry.

Washington.—The average cost of manufacturing baker's bread, as shown in a report to the food administration by federal trade commission investigators, is slightly less than seven and one-half cents a pound. The ingredient cost is 83 and the selling cost 17 per cent.

On the basis of the report, the food administration has drawn regulations governing the baking industry, which will be put into force in the immediate future.

Under rules as drawn, prices are expected to fall. Bakeries in which investigations were conducted were wholesale establishments and chain store bakeries.

OIL KING GIVES "Y" \$1,000,000

Rockefeller Foundation Also Promises 10 Per Cent of Total Fund Raised.

New York.—Rockefeller foundation has promised to give outright \$1,000,000 toward the \$35,000,000 war work fund of the Young Men's Christian association and to give in addition 10 per cent of the entire amount raised, its total contribution not to exceed \$3,500,000, it was announced Monday.

Dr. George E. Vincent, president of the foundation, in announcing the gift, said: "One who visits the camps must be impressed with the efficiency of the Y. M. C. A. national organization."

RUSS "RULERS" NOT RECOGNIZED

Embassy at Washington Ignores the Maximalist Government.

Washington.—The Russian embassy in Washington announced Saturday it would refuse to accept the authority of the Maximalist government.

A statement issued by the Russian embassy said:

"The Petrograd events are a revolt of a party against a national government. The Maximalists are in no way representative of the whole of Russia. If they have succeeded in seizing power and form a 'Maximalist government,' such a government cannot express the will of the nation. Consequently, the Russian embassy in Washington will refuse to accept its authority."

Seed Corn Shortage Alarming.

East Lansing.—A shortage of seed corn of such acute shortage as to thoroughly alarm corn growers of the state has been reported to the Michigan Agricultural college by field agents who for the past two months have been touring the corn-growing counties to obtain exact information on the seed situation. These men have been able to get a line on only 14,500 bushels of grain, whereas no less than 449,500 bushels are necessary to re-plant even last year's acreage.

Coal Vein Found at St. Johns.

St. Johns.—St. Johns and vicinity may yet laugh at "Old King Coal." While driving a well on the Dunn farm, one mile west of here, a coal vein has been found. It is more than five feet thick. A company to sink shafts is in process of organization here.

Milk Prices Going Skyward.

Flint.—Flint milk dealers say prices will go to 15 cents a quart by Christmas.

UNITED STATES IN WAR CONFERENCE

Participates for the First Time in Allies' Council in Paris.

HOUSE HEAD OF COMMISSION

Board Now in Europe Is Expected to Urge Adoption of Policy of Greater Unity in Prosecution of Hostilities.

Washington.—The United States is ready to participate for the first time in a military conference to be held by all the allies. An American commission, headed by Col. E. M. House, chief unofficial adviser of President Wilson, is already in Europe, clothed with authority to commit the United States government to any agreement that may be reached by the Paris conference.

Colonel House and his associates are expected to urge the adoption of a policy of greater unity in the prosecution of the war.

One of the possibilities is the creation of a joint war council with supreme power to direct the disposition of troops, to supervise military strategy and to apportion munitions and other economic resources among the allies.

Makeup of Commission. The American war commission consists of the following members:

Col. E. M. House, chairman, who will act as the spokesman of President Wilson on questions pertaining to the general policies of the conduct of the war.

Admiral W. S. Benson, chief of naval operations, U. S. N., who will participate in the formulation of plans for the employment of the combined naval forces of the allies.

Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, chief of staff, U. S. A., who will give detailed information on the extent of military support the United States will be able to give next year.

Oscar T. Crosby, assistant secretary of the treasury, who will speak for the United States on questions of inter-allied war financing.

Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the war trade board, who will assist in planning a uniform policy in administration.

Washington.—President Wilson formally put the new machinery for the carrying out of the selective draft bill into operation Saturday with publication of the foreword he had written to the regulations under which the second call will be made.

The regulations themselves and the questionnaires, which more than 9,000,000 registrants will be required to fill out, have been forwarded to local boards.

New Call Next February.

War department officials estimate that the whole process can be completed within 60 days. This means that no second call will be made upon the draft forces before the middle of next February, as the period of classification will not begin until December 15th.

The president describes the new plan of dividing all registered men not already mobilized into five classes, subject to military service by classes, as being intended to produce "a more perfect organization of our man power."

Government Wants Status.

Under its terms the exact physical, mental, moral, social, commercial and industrial status of every registrant will be fixed. It will give the government data on how many shipbuilders, foresters, bricklayers, hod-carriers, musicians and every other type of man power is at its disposal. Speedy mobilization and equipment of units for any war task will be possible, efficiency that was practically impossible under the old draft system. The new method will enable the government to exempt men with closer regard to the nation's labor needs in all lines.

"The selective principle must be carried to its logical conclusion," the president said, and he added that there must be made a complete inventory of qualifications of each registrant in order to determine the place in the military, industrial or agricultural ranks of the nation in which his experience and training can best be made to serve the common good."

364,147 SIGN FOOD PLEDGE

Campaign in State Shows Good Results—Work Will Continue.

Lansing.—Figures sent to Washington show that 364,147 signers were secured during the food conservation pledge week.

Though Harry Freeman, who directed the state campaign, has closed headquarters and left the city work is to be continued during the war in an endeavor to further promulgate the conservation of food.

State Troops Are Now Guard. Lansing.—The Michigan state troops not under pay from the state are now practically its national guard. The war preparedness board has turned over the entire disposition of them to the surviving state national guard officers, Adjutant-General Bersey and Quartermaster General Rogers. All orders to the troops hereafter will go through the office of Adjutant-General Bersey, and all the equipment, etc., must be secured through the office of Quartermaster General Rogers.

Munition Makers Get Cool.

Lansing.—Efforts of Michigan's coal administration will hereafter be restricted to getting coal for munition factories, power plants, hospitals and officials of municipalities where there is actual suffering from lack of coal. Pleas for relief from any other sources will be ignored as a result of the refusal of Washington authorities to allow the state to buy coal at premium prices and the failure of the federal fuel administration to send the promised quota of 500 cars of fuel daily.

The Swedish Almanac.

The Swedish name almanac differs from English almanacs in giving, besides the usual information, a Christian name for each sex for every day of the year, says London Graphic. The names set forth have to receive the approval of the king. The object aimed at is to secure a greater choice of names for parents and to avoid the endless repetition of a dozen or so names. A similar name almanac is issued under royal authority in one of the German states.

Favors Early Motherhood.

Doctor Bell writes in the Journal of Heredity, Washington, D. C., with the statistical proof that young women unquestionably make better mothers than those who have postponed the responsibility of maternity until after thirty years of age. He favors early marriages and youthful motherhood on the ground that, contrary to popular opinion, the offspring of young mothers have a finer vitality and are the peers if not the superiors intellectually of children born of older parents.

accounts for the reverses they have sustained and for the failure to cope effectively at all times with the well organized German military machine.

Until the combined resources of the allies can be employed against Germany by a single directing agency, it is contended, there will continue to be waste of human lives and material, reverses at weak points and other misfortunes, all serving to postpone a decisive victory over the enemy.

Mr. Lansing stresses the fact that the conference is to be a war and not a peace conference. He does not wish anyone to get the impression that the United States is thinking of peace while preparing to exert its utmost to defeat Germany on the field of battle.

The secretary's anxiety on this score is due to the speculation aroused by the announcement before American troops reached the firing line that Colonel House had been selected to prepare for the peace conference. Immediately reports gained circulation that President Wilson was expecting peace this winter and that he did not intend to send the American troops into action until all hope of a suspension of hostilities had disappeared.

The need of a better co-ordination of military activities on the part of the allies has been practically demonstrated by the Italian reverses, it is pointed out. Italy was clamoring for support for months. The cry was not heeded by England and the United States.

Secretary Lansing's Statement.

Secretary Lansing's statement regarding the conference is as follows: "The government of the United States will participate in the approaching conference of the powers warring against the German empire."

"The conference is essentially a 'war conference,' with the object of perfecting a more complete co-ordination of the activities of the various nations engaged in the conflict and a more comprehensive understanding of their respective needs in order that the joint efforts of the co-belligerents may attain the highest war efficiency."

"While a definite program has not been adopted, it may be assumed that the subjects to be discussed will embrace not only those pertaining to military and naval operations but also the financial, commercial, economic, and other phases of the present situation which are of vital importance to the successful prosecution of the war."

"There undoubtedly will be an effort to avoid any conflict of interests among the participants, and there is every reason to believe that the result will be a fuller co-operation, and consequently a much higher efficiency and a more vigorous prosecution of the war."

"The United States, in the employment of its man power and material resources, desires to use them to the greatest advantage against Germany. It has no easy problem to determine how they can be used most effectively, since the independent presentation of requirements by the allied governments have been more or less conflicting on account of each government's appreciation of its own wants, which are naturally given greater importance than the wants of other governments."

"By a general survey of the whole situation and a free discussion of the needs of all, the approaching conference will undoubtedly be able to give to the demands of the several governments their true perspective and proper place in the general plan for the conduct of the war."

Limit to Resources.

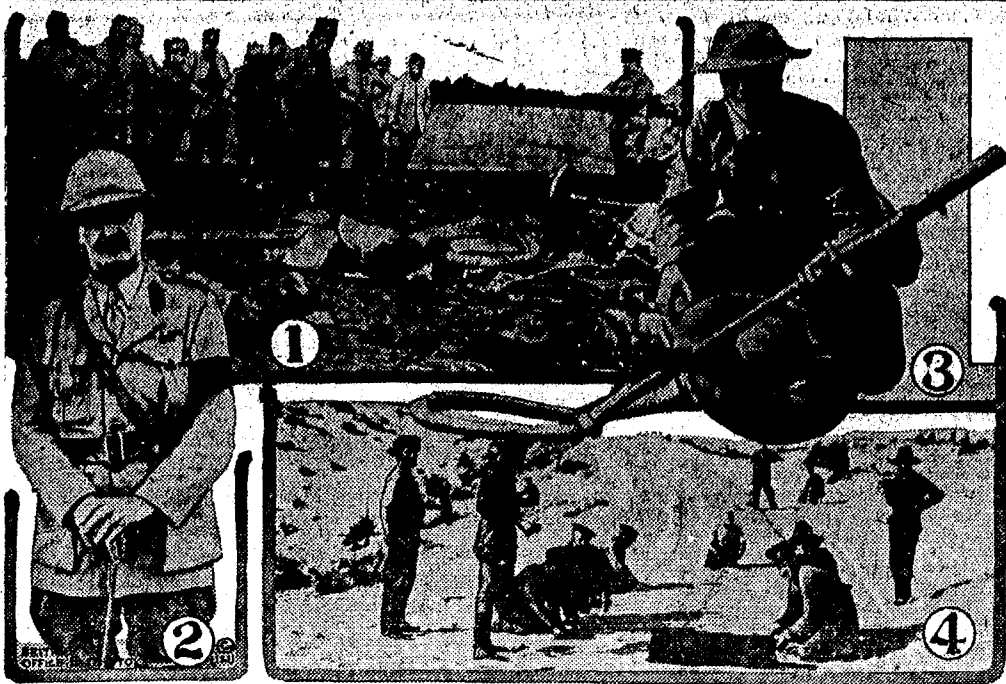
"Though the resources of this country are vast and though there is every purpose to devote them all, it need be to winning the war, they are not without limit. But even if they were greater they should be used to the highest advantage in attaining the supreme object for which we are fighting. This can only be done by a full and frank discussion of the plans and needs of the various belligerents."

"It is the earnest wish of this government to employ its military and naval forces and its resources and energies where they will give the greatest returns in advancing the common cause. The exchange of views which will take place at the conference and the conclusions which will be reached will be of the highest value in preventing waste of energy and in bringing into harmony the activities of the nations which have been unavoidably acting in a measure independently."

"In looking forward to the assembling of this conference it cannot be too strongly emphasized that it is a war conference and nothing else, devoted to devising ways and means to intensify the efforts of the belligerents against Germany by complete co-operation under a general plan and thus bring the conflict to a speedy and satisfactory conclusion."

An Official Story Teller.

In several of the public libraries of Canada story telling to children has for some years been a special feature. Each Saturday morning from fifty to one hundred children assemble at the library in a room set apart for the purpose and called the "children's room." The ages of the children vary from six to fourteen years. At St. John, N. B., story telling has been continued now for three years. This year it has been found advisable to divide the children according to age and to hold two classes of half an hour each. The work has steadily grown in interest, and the demand for books of a less trivial type justifies the work of the committee in charge. During the summer, when opportunity offers and a story telling of note is a guest of the city, notice is given to the library, and it is often possible to have a special session.



1—Wreckage of two German airplanes and bodies of the pilots, brought down on the west front. 2—Gen. Sir Edmund Allenby, commander of the British forces in Palestine, who has taken Beersheba and Gaza. 3—Captured German flamethrower or liquid fire projector. 4—British engineers laying a wire road across the Sinai desert for the advance on Gaza and Jerusalem.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Kerensky and His Government Overthrown by Maximalists Led by Lenin.

PRO-GERMANS RULE IN RUSSIA

Immediate Peace First on Their Program—Retreat of Italians Continues—British Take Highly Important Passchendaele Ridge—America's War Mission to Paris.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.
Kerensky and the provisional government of Russia have fallen; the Maximalists led by Nikolai Lenin, pro-German agitator, are in the saddle; the premier has fled and five or more of the members of his cabinet are under arrest; immediate peace with the central powers will be offered by the extreme radicals in control. Such is the dispiriting news that comes from the Slav republic, so called. Chaos exists there and a long continued reign of anarchy is the prospect.

The only hopeful feature of the situation is that, as Ambassador Bakmeteff says, the revolt is a revolt of the few against the many. The Maximalists control Petrograd and probably the fortress of Kronstadt, but they have all Russia to reckon with, and especially the Cossacks, who have no sympathy with the plan to make a separate peace with the central powers. M. Bakmeteff feels sure that the majority of the Russians who followed Kerensky are with the provisional government heart and soul, understand that Russia's freedom can be assured only by the defeat of Germany by the allies, and will fight to the end. The spirit prevailing in Petrograd, he asserts, is not representative of the Russian spirit as a whole.

Loyal Women Fight the Rebels.
Of all the armed forces in and about the capital it appears that the women's battalions alone remained loyal to the government. It was stationed at the winter palace and when that building was attacked by the cruiser Aurora and the guns of the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, it fought as bravely as possible until overwhelmed and compelled to surrender. The battle lasted four hours and was spectacular. The rebels brought up armored cars to aid in overcoming the resistance of the heroic women. There was no chance to call other loyal troops to Petrograd, for the leaders of the workmen's and soldiers' delegates had seized the posts and telegraphs.

The rebel congress was convened Wednesday night, the officers elected including Lenin and Leon Trotsky. Several proclamations were issued, one of them stating the program of the new authority to be:

"First—The offer of an immediate democratic peace.

"Second—The immediate handing over of large proprietorial lands to the peasants.

"Third—The transmission of all authority to the council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates.

"Fourth—The honest convocation of a constitutional assembly."

It is believed in London that Kerensky will re-establish the provisional government in Moscow and that the Soviet will not be strong enough to hold out long against him. For the present, however, the pro-Germans have the upper hand.

Italians Retreat to the Livorno.
As had been expected, Count Cadorna did not attempt to make a long stand on the Tagliamento river line against the on-sweeping Austro-German armies, but fell back last week to the Livorno, twelve to eighteen miles west. The enemy followed closely, and the prospect was that the Italians would speedily be forced back to the Piave, where their main armies already were being established. Cadorna issued an order including in the zone of military operations all territory north and east of the Po and Minio rivers, so he may consider the possibility of carrying his retreat much further than the Piave. Whether this will be necessary evidently depends on the speed with which France, Great Britain and America can get men, guns and supplies to the Italian front. Guns and supplies especially are called for by the Italians.

The victory of the Germans in Italy will be far from complete unless they can capture Venice. The German commanders already have hinted that they will attack that city from the air, and naval operations against it are more than possible in the immediate future. As was said before, the invasion served to bring about a swift union of all factions in Italy, and the government, while realizing the extreme gravity of the situation, is confident that the enemy will fail to accomplish their military object as they have their political object. The Italian armies are maintaining order and discipline and are cheerful, and the rear guards are fighting valiantly to retard the advance of the Teutons.

As in Russia, formerly, so in Italy, the farther the invaders penetrate, the more dangerous becomes their own position. They are moving away from their bases of supply, and must rebuild the lines of communication destroyed by the Italians in their retreat. Cadorna, on the other hand, gains the protection of rivers larger than the Tagliamento, of many canals and of numerous railroads that are able to furnish all the transportation his contracted front needs.

British Gain Passchendaele Ridge.

Sir Douglas Haig's periodical drive in Flanders, which is becoming a regular weekly feature, accomplished most important results last week, when the Canadians succeeded in taking the village of Passchendaele and the ridge of the same name which dominates the country to the east. The drive was made under most adverse conditions, the ground being flooded by torrential rains, but the British broke through the German lines and followed it so closely that the Germans in their concrete dugouts and pill boxes were stunned before they had time to get into action. This advance brought British soldiers to the guns of the British, and their aviators also began bombing that town with deadly effect.

Following up the retreating crown prince's army north of the Aisne, the French reached the south bank of the Albert, but the Germans maintained their line on the other side of that stream by heavy and continuous artillery fire. Elsewhere on the French front all enemy attacks were successfully repulsed.

General Allenby reported that his troops in Palestine advanced beyond Beersheba with splendid dash and endurance and that on Wednesday he captured Gaza from the Turks.

American Patrol Boat Torpedoed.

The German U-boats found one American victim in the patrol boat Alcedo, which was torpedoed and sunk in British waters, going down in four minutes after being struck. Lieut. John T. Melvin and 20 men were lost. The Alcedo was formerly the private yacht of C. W. Childs Drexel of Philadelphia. She carried a crew of seven officers and 85 men. The American merchant steamship Rochester also was destroyed by a torpedo, at least four men losing their lives. An American freighter arriving at an Atlantic port reported that her gun crew sank a German submarine that attempted to torpedo her in the Mediterranean.

In general, the British admiralty report showing that only eight British vessels of more than 1,600 tons had been sunk, and four smaller vessels. This is the smallest number of victims for any week since unrestricted submarine warfare began.

Von Hertling May Not Last.

Count von Hertling isn't likely to be German chancellor for very long, for unless he yields to the demands of the radicals, they intend to introduce a resolution of lack of confidence as soon as the reichstag reconvenes on November 22. The count seems to have fallen under complete control of the militarists and junkers and is now

threatening the radicals with a military dictatorship unless they drop their claim that one of their number should be appointed vice chancellor. The reichstag majority, with which the count solemnly announced the other day he would now work in harmony, is in danger of breaking up, with the result of a union of the national liberals and the conservatives. Such a coalition would have a bare majority and would be subjected to constant attack by the Socialists. The prospect of a political truce, it is admitted, is remote.

The Budapest papers announce that the Austro-Hungarian Ausgleich, or agreement of the two kingdoms to unite under one emperor though having separate parliaments, will be renewed provisionally for two years. The alliance, originally signed in 1867, is supposed to be subject to renewal every ten years.

Japan and America Agree.

Viscount Ishii's mission to the United States has been successful and Japan is guaranteed her price for more active participation in the war. The American government has agreed to recognize Japan's special interests in China and to permit the shipment to Japan of the supplies of iron and steel that she needs. In return, Japan will furnish a great amount of tonnage for transport purposes, will get into action her warships, numbering about a hundred and already mobilized, and probably will send an army to Europe. Italy is asking that Japanese troops be called over to help repel the invading Teutons.

Though Japan's special interests in China are to be recognized because of contiguity, both nations agree to maintain the open door and the territorial sovereignty of China.

Socialists Lose in Elections.

Emperor William met a notable defeat in the United States last Tuesday, when in Chicago and New York the Socialists were thoroughly whipped at the polls. Supporting the Socialist nominees for judges in Chicago and for mayor and other city officials in New York, were all the forces of Germanism, pacifism and disloyalty, and though they cast a disgracefully large vote, the defeat administered to them was decisive.

These elections were looked upon, and rightly, as a test of the loyalty of the two largest cities in the country. Most of the Socialist candidates were openly anti-war men and some of them in their pre-election utterances came dangerously near the treason mark. Hence the victory of loyalty and patriotism is cause for genuine rejoicing.

John F. Hyland, Tammany Democrat, was elected mayor of New York and the state gave a large majority in favor of woman suffrage. In Ohio, however, the women lost.

House Heads U. S. War Mission.

Upon their arrival in a British port the administration announced the names of the members of the American war commission sent to take part in the great conference of the allies in Paris. Col. E. M. House is the chairman and spokesman for the president on questions concerning the general conduct of the war. The other members are Admiral W. S. Benson, chief of naval operations; Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, chief of staff; Oscar T. Crosby, assistant secretary of the treasury; Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the war trade board; Bainbridge Colby, member of the shipping board; Dr. Alfonso E. Taylor, representative of Food Administrator Hoover; Thomas N. Perkins, member of the priority board; and Gordon Auchincloss, chief secretary of the commission.

Secretary Lansing issued a statement that makes it clear that the allies realize that many of their reverses have been due to lack of team work, and that one of the chief aims of the conference will be to bring about unity of action. For its part, the United States seeks to determine just how its man power and material resources can be used to greatest advantage to defeat the common enemy. Mr. Lansing laid especial emphasis on the fact that the conference is a war conference and nothing else. The administration is not expecting an early peace, and is making all preparations for a long conflict.

Los Angeles Broadens Out.

Recent additions to the city of Los Angeles, Cal., make it the largest city in the United States in point of area. It now has an area of 337 square miles as against New York city's 314. Chicago's 198, and Philadelphia's 129, all greatly exceeding it in population.

provide a modern education, including modern languages, arithmetic, book-keeping, algebra, geometry, drawing, history, and geography. This course requires seven years.

Woodware Factory Closes Doors.

Bay City—The plant of Bousfield & Co., manufacturers of woodware, has been closed permanently after 40 years' operation. Scarcity of raw material is the cause. At one time the Bousfield plant was the largest institution of its kind in the world.

New Hospital for Marquette.

Marquette—A fireproof contagious disease hospital, to cost \$12,000, will be erected by St. Luke's Hospital association in this city.

WILSON APPEALS FOR UNITED NATION

IN SPEECH BEFORE LABOR MEN, ASKS FOR FULL SUPPORT OF ORGANIZATION.

DENOUNCES PACIFISTS AS STUPID

In Alluding to Present War, Declares It Is Last Decisive Issue of Power and Freedom.

Sharp Points in President's Speech, at Buffalo, Before American Labor Federation.

"This war is the last decisive issue between the old principles of power and the new principle of freedom."
"I didn't send Colonel House to negotiate peace but to determine how the war is to be won."
"The war was started by Germany. Her authorities deny it, but I am willing to await the verdict of history."
"Germany sought not only industrial control of labor but political control as well."
"Power cannot be used against free peoples when the power is controlled by the peoples."
"I oppose not the feeling of pacifists, but their stupidity."
"Horses that kick over the traces must be put in a corral."

Buffalo.—President Wilson made a personal and eloquent appeal here Monday for the full support of organized labor for the government in the conduct of the war. Speaking before the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, he declared the war could not be won unless all factions unite in a common cause, sinking their differences.

The president paid warm tribute to Samuel Gompers, president of the federation, and virtually called upon the federation to give him united support. He denounced pacifists as stupid. He appealed for co-operation.

Discussing Germany, the president declared flatly that Germany had started the war and that he was willing to await the verdict of history on that statement.

The creation of new instrumentalities for better co-operation between labor and capital was one suggestion by the president to be of prime interest to the delegates to the convention.

The president, while devoting his address to problems for the people of the United States, laid emphasis on the broader phases of the world conflict in a way that seemed to indicate that his speech was possibly intended as a message to the people of Germany, of Austria, and of Russia, as well as of the United States.

He alluded to the present war as "the last decisive issue between the old principle of power and the new principle of freedom."

"I believe," he said, "that the spirit of freedom can get into the hearts of Germans and find as fine a welcome there as it can find in any other hearts. But the spirit of freedom does not suit the plans of the pan-Germans. Power cannot be used with concentrated force against free people if it is used by free people."

"You know," he continued, "how many intimations come to us from one of the central powers that it is more anxious for peace than the chief central power, and you know that it means that the people in that central power know that if the war ends as it stands they will, in effect, themselves be vassals of Germany, notwithstanding that their populations are compounded of all the people of that part of the world, and notwithstanding that they do not wish, in their pride and proper spirit of nationality, to be absorbed and dominated."

U. S. UNCOVERS HOARDED FOOD

Supplies Worth \$75,000,000 Found in New York—Search Extended.

Washington.—Search for hoarded food supplies stored in New York City, valued at nearly \$75,000,000, will be extended to Detroit, Cleveland, Toledo and other cities by the United States secret service.

The hoarded supplies uncovered by the secret service men in New York, which never have been reported to the government, as required under the trading with the enemy act, included flour, sugar, eggs, butter and canned goods of various kinds. Large quantities of iron, steel, copper, cotton and chemicals, also have been found, a part of which, it was announced, is owned by Germans.

This is only a small part of what is expected to be uncovered before the search ends.

Famous Adventurer Now Wreck.

Niles.—George Kimmel, who turned up here a few years ago with the story of an adventure in aphasia, is now a physical and financial wreck in a Colorado sanitarium, according to word received here. Kimmel came to Niles, representing himself as a former resident. He displayed a remarkable memory of many faces and incidents and a total lack of recognition in others, finally having a trial as to his identity when he was proved mistaken.

Woodware Factory Closes Doors.

Bay City—The plant of Bousfield & Co., manufacturers of woodware, has been closed permanently after 40 years' operation. Scarcity of raw material is the cause. At one time the Bousfield plant was the largest institution of its kind in the world.

New Hospital for Marquette.

Marquette—A fireproof contagious disease hospital, to cost \$12,000, will be erected by St. Luke's Hospital association in this city.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

Port Huron—Half of the city telephones were put out of commission because of a cable under Black river being broken by a dredge shovel. A diver made repairs.

Flint—Figures compiled on receipts from the war tax on theatre tickets for the first three days the law was in effect indicate Flint theatre-goers will pay \$100,000 a year in this manner.

Benton Harbor—The state war board has an investigator here looking into Berrien county claims for relief. Officers have been drawing from the funds which are only for dependents of enlisted men.

Albion—Architects are preparing plans for the Carnegie library, which will be constructed here in the spring. Through the efforts of Albion women, a \$20,000 appropriation was obtained for the library.

Pontiac—Arrangements are being made to form committees in Milford, Holly, Royal Oak, Rochester, Oxford, Gagetown and Orion to conduct the Knights of Columbus campaign for funds to finance the \$3,000,000 program of the order in camp activities.

Pottsville—Thousands of head of cattle are starving in the northern part of the state, according to Henry Cobb, a prominent farmer of this place, who arrived with a carload of 27 head of cattle from Stanhope, near Big Rapids. He says the early frost killed feed in the north and that, coupled with general adverse conditions, has raised havoc with stock raising for the average small farmer.

Calumet—Ralph E. Evelyn, 22, was drowned at Wakefield while skating on a small lake in company with Ole Olson. Evelyn dropped into a hole in the ice.

Charlotte—Military training has been introduced in the high school.

Albion—A night school for foreigners will be opened in the high school.

Washington—Women of this village, through the Library and Literary club, are raising funds to pay for lighting the streets.

Maple Rapids—Cyrus Waldron shot off one of his toes when his gun with which he had been hunting was accidentally discharged.

Port Huron—Mayor John L. Black directed 500 tons of coal from the water works supply to the municipal coal yard to relieve the crisis.

Dearborn—"Substitute potatoes for wheat" was the slogan at the first Wayne county potato show held here under the auspices of the Dearborn Garden club.

Big Rapids—The Wheatland Township Threshers' association, a co-operative organization, created a surplus of \$560 in 38 days and paid a dividend of 26 per cent.

Grindstone City—While hunting with Frank Saubba, John Forbes received a charge from Saubba's shotgun in his left arm when the gun was accidentally discharged.

Pontiac—Joseph Bomars, arrested here as a deserter from the national army, was about to be turned over to federal officers when it was discovered that he was wanted in Toledo on a charge of murder.

Manistee—Four men escaped serious injuries when an automobile driven by William Bailey, of Benzonia, plunged through a fence down a five-foot embankment and somersaulted 50 feet into a swamp.

Saginaw—Miners and operators of the Michigan district are now working on a penalty clause of their wage scale. The miners have accepted the Washington scale, although they asked for 10 cents more a ton for loaders.

Manistee—Major Benjamin Gero narrowly escaped serious injury when at a railroad crossing he was forced either to drive his auto into a train or run down a smaller car. He chose the latter, damaging both autos. No one was seriously hurt.

Holland—Running in the path of an automobile driven by Lee Watson, a dog was caught under the machine and instantly killed. The impact threw Mrs. Watson from the machine and she suffered a fractured leg and severe cuts about her face.

Lansing—Fire in the storing bin at the Lansing Fuel & Gas company destroyed nearly 150 tons of coke. The blaze was discovered by a watchman. At the time of the discovery the coke bin was a seething furnace. Just how the fire started is a mystery.

Grand Rapids—Dr. Frederick C. Warnsholt, chief surgeon of the Pere Marquette railroad, had a close rub with death when his automobile overturned, burying the physician. He suffered a broken leg and bruises about the head and body.

Kalamazoo—Women here went to the polls to register for food conservation war work and other activities. The regular election booths were used.

Ovid—Five cars of grain were destroyed in a Grand Trunk freight wreck, which tied up the line for a day. The wreck was caused by a burning journal box.

Lansing—James H. McBride, state market director, went to Washington to try and convince Herbert Hoover that the government price for Michigan beans is too low.

Lansing—W. K. Prudden, state fuel administrator, has set the price of chestnut coal locally at \$9.75 a ton. Other grades of hard coal will cost Lansing citizens \$9.50.

Detroit—Those drafted men who, expecting to be sent into service at once, gave up their positions and have not yet obtained others during the waiting period, may, if they choose, proceed at once to Camp Custer.

Battle Creek—Fire of unknown origin swept through a four-story warehouse of the Battle Creek sanitarium and caused a loss of at least \$75,000. The warehouse was a frame structure about 50 feet wide and 200 feet long and packed with furniture and furnishings for the sanitarium. No reason for incendiaries is known.

TIME IS RIPE FOR TREATING ORCHARDS

Tree Diseases Can Be Dealt With Now More Easily.

SHOULD HIT FIRE BLIGHT

Relatively Few Cankers Remaining Can Be Cleaned Up Easily If Effort Is Made.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Specialist in Plant Diseases, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—Michigan orchardists, who for years have lost much from the inroads of fire blight, have an opportunity this fall to even the score. This disease of trees, frequently present in such a degree as to almost discourage the most determined fruit grower, may be said now to be almost on its "last legs" and a few well-directed strokes, laid on without delay, should practically clean it up.

During the summer just ended, fire blight has been of relatively small importance in Michigan orchards, though the causes underlying this unusual absence of the disease where before it has been so prevalent are not easily seen. In spite of severe aphid infestation but little blight has developed. It seems probable, however, that the dry weather in 1916 destroyed the germs in their hold-over locations. It can readily be appreciated, therefore, that if the few cankers still remaining are cut out at once the disease can be largely eradicated.

Fire blight, as is well known, lives over the winter in so-called "hold-over" cankers. These can be found at the base of withered, blackened and blighted twigs. Locating of these diseased twigs is not difficult, for while the healthy twigs shed their leaves those affected with the blight retain their leaves. Of course, there are exceptions, but these can be recognized upon examination.

In well-cared for orchards there may not be more than half a dozen cankers, but at most it will not require more than a few days, work to go over the orchard thoroughly and cut out all these diseased areas.

It is necessary to do this because the fire blight germ remains alive over the winter in these spots and furnishes a source of infection in the spring. If these diseased centers are destroyed the problem of handling the blight during the following spring is much simplified.

In cutting out the cankers, cut back to sound wood and bark, and wipe off every wound with a 5 per cent carbolic acid solution.

Black Knot of Plum.
It must not be lost sight of while attention is being directed to fire blight that the fall is also a good time for dealing with a number of other diseases of fruit trees. Black knot of plum is one of these. It is a disease that has been known to horticulturists for years.

The control of this disease, if it is taken in time, is comparatively easy, though there is probably not a community in Michigan which does not contain some samples of the failure of plum plantations in its ravages. The habits of the black knot fungus are such that the spores which cause infection of twigs mature in the early spring. Considering the delays apt to occur in all farm operations at this time, it seems very necessary that treatment of trees for black knot should take place in the fall. When the leaves have been shed from plum and cherry trees all knots, even those of very small size, must be carefully cut out and removed from the orchard. If they are allowed to fall to the ground they will mature their spores there just as well as if they were left on the trees.

Countless plum orchards have also been gone over and only the large black knots cut out. In such orchards the disease has not been controlled, for it is necessary that the small knots as well as the big ones be removed. The fungus does not extend very far in either direction from the knot, hence it is only necessary to cut off a very small amount of wood with it. In this case no disinfection need be practiced. In making the cuts it is best to follow the rules of good pruning, that is, leave no stubs. All large wounds should be painted over with white lead paint.

Cankers.

It will be found also during pruning operations in the winter that the fruit grower must decide which of two limbs is to be sawed from a tree. Before making this decision he should look over the limbs very carefully and note whether any roughing of the bark occurs. The cankered limbs should be discarded. Make the cuts flush with the main branch and paint the large wounds with white lead paint.

NEGLECT MEAT PRODUCTION

Michigan Conditions Good for Fattening of Poultry.

By C. H. BURGESS, Department of Poultry Husbandry, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—There are any number of special lines in the poultry business just as there are in other enterprises, but there is one in Michigan, at least, which heretofore has been sorely neglected upon the average farm. This has been the con-

PURE-BREDS DURING THE WAR

Nothing to Indicate That Cattle Business Will Be Adversely Affected at This Time.

There is nothing in the conditions to warrant an opinion that the pure-bred beef cattle business was adversely affected by the war. Breeders, in common with all persons engaged in any line of agriculture, can render the country a valuable service in this crisis by bending their energies to the produc-

tioning of fowls for market. Every detail has been worked out, and every scheme resorted to in the effort to make hens lay, but meat production has been largely ignored.

Appreciation of this situation has led the poultry department of the college to prepare a series of articles upon the production of a high quality of poultry meat. Naturally, the selection of a type of fowl most fitted for this use is the first essential.

In making this selection of fowls to fatten or to finish for market a number of points should be borne in mind. Fowls capable of finishing quickly, say in from 14 to 15 days, should possess certain more or less definite characteristics. Beginning with the head, the beak should be stout and well curved; the eye bright, full and prominent; the skull wide on top and carried well back; the comb (except in the case of capons) small, bright, red and thick, and attached firmly to the head; the face full, and the distance from nose to eyes short.

The body as a whole should be blocky and well rounded, the neck short, the back broad and long, the breast full, and the thighs well developed. The legs should be stout, and well balanced, clean, and yellow or white in color. In condition, the bird should be free from disease—the comb is its health certificate.

It will do no harm to bear a few subtitles in mind as well. Remember that the breast fleshing is bred on and not fed on; the feeding should be velvet to the touch; the plumage bright and lustrous, white preferred; the skin should be either yellow or white and the legs and toes clean, that is, with a kid-glove finish (a coarse and rough texture indicates coarse flesh and a poor feeder). Avoid a crooked breast or backbone, dark shanks and feathered shanks.

M. A. C. AIDS FARM BOYS

Will Give Shortened Course During Eight Weeks in Winter.

East Lansing, Mich.—The knowledge that many youths in the rural communities of Michigan would like to take up the farm training offered in college, but are unable to do so because they cannot be spared from home for more than a few weeks in the winter, has led the Michigan Agricultural college to provide a special "short course" of eight weeks. This course will open on January 8 and will continue until the first week in March.

The training which it is planned to give the young men from the country will be practical as distinguished from the scientific, or, in other words, only the usable portions of the regular four years' course will be offered. This is expected to enable practically any boy to enter college who wishes to do so, since an ordinary common school education is all that is required.

But while the instruction will last only eight weeks, the most capable members of the college teaching staff will be employed. It is expected to make the short course of value also in lining up the young men who attend for the coming summer's food campaign by pointing out methods which the farmer can most satisfactorily employ in meeting war emergencies.

Young men interested have been invited to write to the president of M. A. C., in East Lansing, for more detailed information.

Michigan Needs Breeding Animals.

Figures obtained by Prof. G. A. Brown of the department of animal husbandry of the Michigan Agricultural college bring to light an interesting fact that only one-half as much livestock is kept on the average Michigan farm as might be maintained under careful management. In view of this situation, Professor Brown says, Michigan might well at this time extend a helping hand to Montana, for conditions have been such in that state that much breeding stock will go to the block unless it is disposed of to farmers such as Michigan possesses. "The present seems an opportune time," according to the M. A. C. man, for the farmer who has roughage to feed out this winter, and pasture available, to stock his farm with breeding herds and flocks." Montana's plight has been due to an unprecedented summer drought, the reducing of range pasturage, the settling up and fencing of range areas, and the high prices prevailing for forage and feeding stuffs. Lists of Montana men who have animals for sale have been obtained by Professor Brown, who is offering his service in placing Michigan farmers in touch with the agricultural extension office in Montana and the United States forestry service at Missoula.

RUIN EWE AT WEANING TIME

Ability to Produce Good Lamb Often Impaired Because of Inattention to Drying Off.

At weaning time the ability of a ewe to produce a good lamb often is ruined because the necessary care is not taken to see that she is dried off properly. A little care at this time will be well repaid. Two or three days after the separation, the ewes should be milked out. All of the milk need not be drawn from the udder, but enough should be taken to leave the udder soft and pliable. Mark with colored chalk ewes needing no further attention. In about three days, the ewes should be milked out again and the dries marked. Further attention should be given four or five days later to those not dry. No effects should be spared to maintain every breeding animal in a sound and useful condition.

Cut Out All Buckers.

"If a man does not know how to prune a tree, he can't with safety at least cut out all the buckers and keep the ground free from weeds and underbrush."

ITALY HAS GOOD SCHOOLS

Have you seen the new

UNBREAKABLE
VACUUM BOTTLE?

The Ferrostat

in one and two quart sizes

They are the best ever offered the
public and positively guaranteed
against breakage. Ask to see them.

Central Drug Store

Grayling, Michigan

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice,
Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March
3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, NOV. 15

A Few "Pat" Sayings From the
Moderator Topics.

Save fuel, save food.

Substitute clothes for fuel.

Spendthrifts are a public menace.

Not only be right but be a champion
of right.We are not saving or conserving to
fatten our pocketbooks, but to fatten
our famishing friends.Good football players are never
afraid of doing too much. Neither
are good students, or good citizens in
life's game.Every youngster in school should
have regular and daily drill in physical
exercises. Let there be no slacking
in this respect.

Are you hitting the stride? Seven

wheatless, 14 meatless, and 21 waste-
less meals per week? That's one
practical measure of your patriotism.Shut off heat and lights when not
absolutely needed— even for short
periods. Common sense thrift is never
niggardliness; least of all in these
days of fuel famine.The American citizen who is able to
take a Liberty bond and does not
measure up to his ability is as verita-
ble a slacker as any poor, cowardly
devil who tries to shirk giving service
to his country. Come across or go
across.Conscript the property of the wealthy
traitors, pro-German slacker; give
him steerage passage in a slow sail-
ing schooner to the land of his choice
via Behring Straits, Arctic Ocean and
the mine zones. Let him sail under a
banner bearing the phrase made fa-
mous by the German ambassador to
Argentina, "¡muertos venen!" Since
he chooses Prussian autocracy, let
him have a taste of its beneficence.Teachers, through your persistent,
thoughtful effective work in building
the lives and character of America's
future citizens, we shall establish
the eternal principles of liberty, freedom,
justice, and humanity so thoroughly
in the hearts of men that the tyranny
of hell masked as kaiserdom can never
overthrow them.—Cadman.Get your tires and tubes at Burke's
garage.Round Oak heating stoves and
Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-11-f
F. K. Decker.

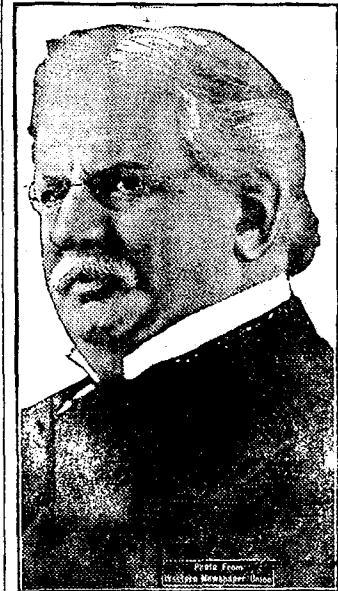
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

SENATOR BANKHEAD
CARRIES "BIG STICK"Washington. — Senator Bank-
head of Alabama started his
colleagues by stalking into the
chamber just before the recent
adjournment with the aid of a
hickory stick six feet long. The
senator is no lightweight and he
favors over the average man, but
a prop so entirely out of all
accepted proportions caused
comment.Senator Knox's curiosity was
such that he demanded an ex-
planation."It's the stoutest bit of wood
ever cut in Virginia," said the
owner."Quite a good deal of it," ob-
served the Pennsylvania senator.
"Do you know that if that stick
were cut in two, and one of the
parts had a nice silver head on
it, it would make a most appropri-
ate gift for a friend?""Not on your life," responded
the gentleman from Alabama,
quick to reject the hint. "This
was sent to me by a friend. I am
going to take it down home if
you fellows ever get through
wind-jamming here and adjourn.
It will be just the thing for me
to use when I go prowling
around my farm."

GET LEATHER FROM SHARKS

Series of Tests by Government Shows
That Product Is Durable and
Satisfactory.New London, Conn.—A contract for
1,000 shark hooks, 300 to be completed
in ten days and 700 in twenty days af-
ter the first consignment, has been
awarded by the government to J. W.
Furman, a blacksmith, of this vic-
inity.There are to be three varieties of
hook, eleven, ten and nine inches in
length. A chain and swivel are to be
attached to each hook.It is reported from a Washington
correspondent that the government is
about to prospect in a new leather
field, that of shark skins. In a se-
ries of tests a durable and satisfac-
tory leather has been evolved from
the skins of these fish. It is believed
there is no reason why an industry
may not be profitably started.

WORKS FOR NATIONAL UNITY

Theodore N. Vail, who is head of the
League for National Unity, organized
recently with the approval of Pres-
ident Wilson, is preparing an intensive
campaign for the unification of public
opinion in the war. Mr. Vail is pres-
ident of the American Telegraph and
Telephone company.

NICK CARTER IS IN ECLIPSE

Boy Readers Want Alarms or Subma-
rine Captains for Heroes Instead
of Old Thrillers.Denver, Colo.—A canvas of book-
stalls in Denver—the very center of
romantic "wild and woolly"—shows
that the kaiser has put the western
brand of romance out of business. As
one dealer explained it "with the war
sentiment sweeping the land, young
America has tired of Deadwood Dick,
Old Road Brim, King Brady and Nick
Carter, and demands a hero patterned
after the dashing aviation captain or
the submarine commander."

Gains 200 Pounds as Soldier.

Syracuse, N. Y.—There is nothing
the matter with United States army
"sergeant."Sergeant Inhoff, quartermaster's
corps, stationed at the Syracuse expan-
sion camp, retired after living on
Uncle Sam's "chuck" for twenty-seven
years.Inhoff weighed 125 when he enlisted
and 325 when he retired, and as he is
said to be the largest soldier in the
world, credit cannot be withheld.

Draft Leaves Only Aliens.

Weirtown, W. Va.—The selective
draft will leave only foreigners in this
steel mill town. Of the 950 registrants
here it has been found that 700 are
aliens who are exempt from military
service. Practically every physically fit
American will be taken in the first
National army.

Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She

Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ella was sick with a
cold last winter I gave him Chamber-
lain's Cough Remedy. It helped him
at once and quickly broke up his cold,"
writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City,
Pa. This remedy has been in use for
many years. Its good qualities have
been fully proven by many thousands
people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

"WE WON'T WIN IF WE WASTE"

Tested Wartime Recipes
FOR USE IN MICHIGANTo the Housewives of Michigan:
The following recipes have been pre-
pared and tested at the Michigan Agri-
cultural College under the supervision of
Dean George L. White, member of the
executive committee of the Michigan food
conservation service. They are practical,
economical, and of first class dietary
value.They have been prepared with especial
view to Michigan conditions—native pro-
ducts being utilized so far as possible, and
market prices in this section of the coun-
try being taken into special account.They show a practical method by
which Michigan cooks may assist in the
great movement to SAVE FOODSTUFFS.
Let them. Help the cause. Help win
the war.GEORGE A. PRESCOTT,
Michigan Food Director.

POTATO BREAD.

The following recipe for potato
bread has been so made as to use a
large amount of potato as compared
with flour. Excellent bread can be
made with less potato. In making re-
cipes it should be remembered that a
pound of mashed potato contains about
1 3/4 cups of water and starch and other
substances, about equivalent for the
purpose to those in a cup of wheat
flour.

Straight Dough Method.

2 lbs. boiled and peeled potatoes
(equivalent to about 3 3/4 lbs. water
and 3 cups flour); 2 1/4 pounds bread
flour; 1 1/2 level T salt; 3 level T su-
gar; 2 cakes compressed yeast; 4 T
water.Clean thoroughly and boil, without
paring, 12 potatoes of medium-size,
allowing them to become very soft.
Pour off the water, peel and mash the
potatoes while hot, being careful to
leave no lumps. Take 3 lbs. or 5
solidly packed half-pint cups of mash-
ed potato, and when at the tempera-
ture of lukewarm water add to it the
yeast, rubbed smooth with 3 table-
spoons of lukewarm water. Rinse the
cup in which the yeast was mixed with
another tablespoon of water and add
to the potato. Next add the salt, the
sugar, and about 4 ounces of the flour.Mix thoroughly with the hand, but do
not add any more water at this stage.
Let this mixture rise until it has be-
come very light, which should take
about two hours if the sponge is at a
temperature of about 86 degrees F. To
this well-risen sponge, which will now
be found to be very soft, add the re-
mainder of the flour, kneading thor-
oughly, until a smooth and elastic
dough has been formed. The dough
must be very stiff, since the boiled po-
tato contains a large amount of water,
which causes the dough to soften as
it ferments. Therefore add no more
water to the dough unless it is abso-
lutely necessary. Set back to rise
until it has trebled in volume which
will require another hour or two. Di-
vide the dough into four parts, mold
them separately, and place in greased
pans which have been warmed slight-
ly. Allow the loaves to rise until they
have doubled in volume and bake for
45 minutes.

MOIST CHOCOLATE CAKE.

1-3 C butter; 1-2 C sugar; Yolks of
2 eggs; 1-2 C sugar; 1-2 C hot mashed
potato; 1 oz. chocolate, melted; 1-4
C sweet milk; 1 C sifted flour; 1 3/4 T
baking powder; 1-2 T cinnamon; 1-2 T
nutmeg; 1-4 T clove; 1-2 C
walnut meats, chopped fine; whites of
2 eggs, beaten dry.Cream the butter. Add the first half
cup of sugar. Beat yolks of eggs.
Beat in second half cup of sugar. Beat
the two mixtures together. Add po-
tato. Add chocolate. Add spices and
baking powder to flour. Add milk and
flour alternately. Add walnut meats.
Fold in egg whites. Bake in loaf. Do
not add any frosting to this cake.

CREAMED SWEET POTATOES.

6 small sweet potatoes; 2 t salt; 2
eggs; 1-2 T sugar; 3 T butter; 3 T
flour; 3 C milk.Remove the skins of cooked sweet
potatoes and cut each into four pieces.
Place the potatoes in a baking dish.
Make sauce of milk, butter, flour, su-
gar, salt. Beat the eggs and add slow-
ly to the hot sauce. Pour over the
sweet potatoes. Bake in a slow oven
until mixture thickens. Do not let
cook until the mixture curdles. This
could be used in place of a meat dish.

GLAZED SWEET POTATOES.

6 medium-sized sweet potatoes; 1-2
C brown sugar; 1-3 C water; 1 1-2 T
butter or oleo.Remove the skins of cooked sweet
potatoes and cut in halves lengthwise.
Arrange in a buttered pan. Make a
syrup by boiling the sugar and water
for three minutes. Add the butter.
Brush potatoes with syrup and bake
until brown, basting with remaining
syrup. Serve in a hot, covered dish.

BROWNED SWEET POTATOES.

6 medium-sized sweet potatoes, 2 T
sugar; 2 T butter.Cut in halves lengthwise cooked po-
tatoes. Place in a buttered pan. Brush
the tops of the potatoes with the but-
ter. Sprinkle slightly with the sugar.
Place in a hot oven and bake until
nicely browned.

BOILED SWEET POTATOES.

1. Select potatoes of same size; 2.
scrub clean; 3. Drop into boiling wa-
ter; 4. When done, drain off the wa-
ter and shake over the fire until dry.NOTE—In all of these recipes all mea-
surements are level, and equals table-
spoon, t equals teaspoon, C equals cup
f equals few grains, f. d. equals ten
drops.

An Old Man's Stomach.

As we grow older and less active,
less and less food is required to meet
the demands of our bodies. If too
much is habitually taken, the stomach
will rebel. When a man reaches the
advanced age of 85 or 90, you will find
that he is a light eater. Be as careful
as you will, however, you will occa-
sionally eat more than you should and
will feel the need of Chamberlain's
Tablets to correct the disorder. These
Tablets do not irritate the stomach, but
strengthen the stomach and enable it
to perform its functions naturally.
They also cause a gentle movement of
the bowels.The Man Who Wears the Olive
Drab.Some say that I'm a leaver.
Some say that I'm a bum;
Because I joined the army.
(This rule applies to some.)

But if they'd stop and think a bit.

They'd go a little closer
in counting of the soldier
Who was not afraid to go.

I had a home and many friends.

As good as any one of you.

But at the call I left them all.

For the flag we all love true.

There's mechanics, doctors, lawyers.

From village, farm and town.

But now that they're a soldier.

They're looked on with a frown.

By those who are absent-minded.

Who have no one in the fray.

They have no one to think about.

No friends who went away.

But what they think it matters not.

I'll tell you candidly.

For home and friends are waiting.

Which means all the world to me.

Oh! many a man has been accused.

Of actions and deeds unjust.

So think I think well before you judge.

If judge someone you must.

From Camp MacArthur Bugle.

Courtesy of Private Victor Petersen.

A Piece of Good Fortune.

In these days of high prices it is re-
freshing to find one article of nation-
wide demand that will not cost more
than it did last year, and yet will be
more valuable than it has ever been.The Youth's Companion subscrip-
tion price, \$2.00, will not be increased.
The 52 issues of 1918 will be packed
full of the best stories by the most
popular writers. The Editorial page,
the Boys' page, Girls' page, Family
page and all the departments will
bring a vast amount of cheer, good
entertainment and information for
every reader in the family circle.By special arrangement new sub-
scribers for The Companion can also
have McCall's magazine—the fashion
authority—for 1918, both publications
for only \$2.25.This two-at-one-price offer includes:
1. The Youth's Companion—52 issues
in 1918.
2. All remaining 1917 issues of The
Companion free.
3. The Companion Home calendar for
1918.
4. McCall's magazine—12 fashion num-
bers in 1918.All for only \$2.25.
The Youth's Companion,
Commonwealth Ave., Boston, Mass.
New subscriptions received at this
office. 12-1-3U. S. CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINA-
TION FOR POSTMASTER.There will be an examination for
postmaster of Grayling on Wednes-
day, November 28, 1917.The United States Civil Service
Commission has announced an open
competitive examination for POST-
MASTER to be held on the date
mentioned above, as a result of which
the position of postmaster at this
place will be filled. The examina-
tion will be held at the places listed
on the circular announcement, copies
of which may be obtained at this of-
fice.This is not an examination under
the civil service act and rules, but
is held under an Executive Order of
March 31, 1917.The position of postmaster at first,
second and third class offices has not
been brought within the competitive
classified service, and the person ap-
pointed as a result of the examina-
tion will not attain a competitive
classified service.To be eligible for this examination
an applicant must be a citizen of the
United States, at least 21 years of
age, must actually reside within the
delivery of the office for which the
application is made, and must have
been such resident at the time the
present vacancy occurred.Applicants must submit to the ex-
aminer on the day of the examina-
tion their photographs, taken with-
in two years, securely pasted in the
space provided on the admission
cards sent them after their applica-
tions are filed. Typewritten or proofs
will not be accepted.Persons who meet the requirements
and desire this examination should
at once apply at this office for Form
304, or to the U. S. Civil Service
Commission, Washington, D. C., stat-
ing the title of the examination for
which the form is desired. Applica-
tions must be properly executed, ex-
cluding the medical and county offi-
cer's certificates, and filed with the
Commission at Washington in time
to arrange for the examination.

Her Fame.

The Duchess of Westminster has the
reputation of being the wittiest woman
in society. The duchess tells an ex-
cellent story about an ex-slave of Persia
who was very fond of paying compli-
ments to English ladies.When the Duchess of Westminster
was presented he greeted her heartily.
"I have heard much about you," he
said. "Your worthy name is well known
even in my country."The duchess was surprised at first,
then a light dawned upon her. "Gra-
dious me, I do believe he mistakes me
for Westminster alibey," she said.
What was more, she was right.

Something in the Filling.

"Do you know you can tell a man's
disposition by his teeth?" asked the girl
who believes in signs, bumps and palm
reading."How interesting!" said her compan-
ion, who did not believe in anything.
"Then Jack must have a golden dispo-
sition."

Discretion.

"What did yo' do, sub, when big
Brudder Tump called yo' a liah?"
"Uh—well, sub," replied small Broth-
er Slink, "as de gentleman am six feet
high an' weighs mighty nigh a ton,
what could I do but move dat we
make it nonconformous?"—Exchange.

Asking the Impossible.

Bob—"Perhaps we had better forget
one another? Beas—Oh, I couldn't do
that; I have so few things to laugh
about—Puck."Celebrity sells dearly what we think
she gives.—Emile Bonvestre.Warm
Wearing
ApparelFor
Winter
WearThis is a season when warm, comfortable wear-
ing apparel is going to be a necessity.When the winter blasts appear, the
body must be kept comfortable.Carelessness in this regard is
the breeder of colds,
pneumonia and
other illness.BESIDES IT IS CHEAPER TO KEEP
WELL THAN TO BECOME ILL.

Mackinaws and Pants

The Well-Known Soo Line.

Heavy Wool Socks

Your feet will be comfortable in a
pair of our warm, wool socks. We
have lighter weight socks and stock-
ings for any and all occasions.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The Probate Court for the
County of Crawford.
At a session of said court, held at
the probate office in the village of
Grayling, in said county, on the
7th day of November A. D., 1917.Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge
of Probate.In the matter of the estate of James
Smith, deceased.Hannah J. Smith having filed in said
Court her petition praying that the
administration of said estate be grant-
ed to John J. Niederer or to some other
suitable person.It is ordered, that the 30th day of
November, A. D., 1917, at ten o'clock
in the afternoon, at said probate office,
be and is hereby appointed for hear-
ing said petition.It is further ordered, that public
notice thereof be given by publication
of a copy of this order, for three suc-
cessive weeks previous to said day of
hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche,
a newspaper printed and circulated
in said County.OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate. 11-15-3

PROBATE NOTICE.

Order for Publication
Determination of Heirs
STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The Probate Court for the
County of Crawford.At a session of said court, held at
the probate office, in the Village of
Grayling, in said county, on the 10th
day of November, A. D., 1917.Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge
of Probate.In the matter of the estate of Hel-
len Charon, deceased.Joseph Charon having filed in said
court a petition praying that said
court adjudicate and determine who
were at the time of her death the legal
heirs of said deceased and entitled to
inherit the real estate of which said
deceased died seized.It is ordered, that the 3rd day of
December, A. D., 1917, at ten o'clock
in the forenoon, at said Probate office,
be and is hereby appointed for hear-
ing said petition.It is further ordered, that public no-
tice thereof be given by publication of
a copy of this order, for three consecu-
tive weeks previous to said day of
hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche,
a newspaper printed and circulated in
said County.OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate. 11-15-3

(A true copy.)

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate. 11-15-3

There is more Catarrh in this

section of the country than all other dis-
eases put together, and for years it
was supposed to be incurable. Doc-
tors prescribed local remedies, and by
constantly failing to cure with local
treatment, pronounced it incurable.Catarrh is a local disease, greatly in-
fluenced by constitutional conditions
and therefore requires constitutional
treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine,
manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co.,
Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional rem-
edy, is taken internally and acts thru
the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of
the system. One Hundred Dollars re-
ward is offered for any case that Hall's
Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send
for circulars and testimonials.F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to do
is to adopt a diet suited to your age
and occupation and to keep your bow-
els regular. When you feel that you
have eaten too much and when con-
stipated take one of Chamberlain's
Tablets.Here's Our Nation's
InspirationTHE Spirit of Liberty
that inspires us today
is splendidly expressed in
Columbia Records afire with
the love of country and home. Hear
these records and you'll be thrilled!

Star Spangled Banner
America. "My Country 'Tis Of Thee"
A 5949. 12 in. \$1.50.

America. "My Country 'Tis Of Thee"
Columbia Mixed Double Quartette
Battle Hymn of the Republic. Columbia Mixed Double Quartette
A 2012. 10 in. 75c

Other band, vocal and ensemble selections as
inspiring as these are in our stock. Drop in and
hear them any time today.

Columbia

GRAFONOLAS and DOUBLE-DISC

Records

Olaf Sorenson & Sons

WANT A GOOD POSITION?

REPAIR FOR ONE IN PROSPEROUS DETROIT BY ATTENDING THE

DETROIT

Business University

"My Druggists"

Is the way we want you to refer to us

The reason we aspire to be known as your druggist is because we know that we can fill the bill.

We carry everything that should be found in a first-class drug store. All of the nationally advertised proprietary remedies, a full line of toilet articles, rubber goods of all kinds, an unsurpassed line of toilet soaps and medicinal soaps, fine candies and chewing gum, cigars and tobacco, post cards, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Receive close attention and are compounded with extra care for every detail. Our prescriptionists are expert and give personal attention to every prescription that comes to our store. We confidentially expect your patronage on our merits.

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist Phone 18

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, NOV. 15

Mrs. Frank Woodruff and daughter, Mrs. Gould spent last week in Bay City.

Carl Peterson visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Peterson last Friday.

Mrs. William Blaine of Beaverton is in the city for a few days' visit with old friends.

Mrs. Thomas Brisboe visited in Bay City last Saturday, returning on the evening train.

A special session of the County board of supervisors is called for Tuesday, Nov. 20.

Miss Edith Alstrom spent Sunday visiting her sister, Miss Rhea Alstrom in East Jordan.

Dr. C. A. Canfield and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Lewis drove to Gladwin Sunday and returned home Tuesday.

Edna Moshier has returned home from Fowlerville, she says to start divorce proceedings and to settle other business matters.

George C. Holliday of St. Charles, is here for a few days' deer hunting; he is a guest of his brother, John A. Holliday and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Strehl of Mancelona visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter L. Brown here last Friday, and also friends.

Please take notice that our telephone number has been changed to 1533, mark it in your book. Peter F. Jorgenson's Livery Barn. 11-12

The Ladies' National league is being entertained this afternoon by Miss Mabelle Katzbeck at her home, assisted by Mesdames Colleen, Austin, Havens and Holliday.

The City's band are giving a series of dancing parties, that are being very much enjoyed, especially by the young people. One last Friday evening was well attended.

Mrs. Sarah Phelps returned last week from a visit with friends in West Branch. She was accompanied home by Mrs. J. W. Livingston, who spent a few days here visiting at the J. C. Burton home.

Miss Salome Friberg, returned last Friday morning to her home in Chicago, after having spent the summer here. Miss Friberg with her mother spent their summers here on account of the former's health. Mrs. Friberg expects to remain a couple of weeks longer.

Mrs. Scott, wife of Supervisor Oliver B. Scott, of South Branch township, was operated upon for appendicitis at Mercy hospital here yesterday, by Dr. C. C. Curran of Roscommon. Latest reports are that the operation was successful and the patient getting along nicely.

Fuel Economy

This is very important to every family and especially so this year of fuel scarcity. This store never had a better line of

HEATING STOVES

We want you to see them before purchasing and let us explain their operating principles. These stoves will heat your home, also get every unit of heat out of your fuel.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

Mrs. Charles Amidon is visiting her son, Ray and family in Flint.

Why not get that watch from Hathaway? On time if you prefer.

Charles Phillips of West Branch spent Sunday here visiting friends.

Eno Milnes and family visited his mother, Mrs. O. Milnes the latter part of the week.

John Lamotte left Tuesday morning for Detroit to find employment. His wife and baby will go later.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Russell H. Colter November 3, a baby girl, mother and child are doing nicely.

Ernest Richards has purchased the Max Landsberg pool room and restaurant and took possession today.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray E. Amidon of Flint are the proud parents of a baby girl, Kathryn Maxine, born Nov. 14th.

Mrs. John Kelly of Bay City is in the city and will remain for some time with her husband who is employed in the R. Hanson & sons mill as filer.

Do you desire the best corset for durability, style and comfort? Drop a card to Mrs. J. H. McKone, the Spirella corsetiere in Grayling, and she will answer in person at once.

Justice William McCullough is in Grand Rapids where he is receiving treatment for a cancer of the lip. He was accompanied by his son George, who returned home after a few days.

All ladies having articles for the Ladies' Aid fair, that is to be held in Danebod hall next week Wednesday, are requested to send them to the home of Mrs. T. W. Hanson next Monday please.

There is nothing that is so important to you as your eye-sight. Place it above money value. We aim to give perfection in lenses and mountings rather than to cheapness in dollars and cents.

Miss Blanche Biondin left Saturday for Detroit to take the State examination for nurses, having completed her course here at the Mercy Hospital training school, and also having taken post-graduate course in a children's hospital in Detroit.

James W. Sorenson, agent for the Scandinavian line steam ships has received notice from the Company that S. S. "Helling Olav" will sail from New York for Scandinavian points Tuesday, Nov. 20 at 2:00 p. m. This is a special notice for people to get out their Xmas mail at once.

There was a meeting of the stockholders of the local lumber companies here yesterday. Those from out of the city in attendance were O. S. Hawes, P. C. Burden, Frank and Axel Michelson of Detroit and E. J. Cornwall of Saginaw. Last evening they enjoyed a dinner party at Shoppensons Inn.

Scott Loader of Detroit was in the city last Monday on business and incidentally calling on many old friends. This is his first visit here since moving to Detroit three years ago. He is looking fine, and says he likes Detroit very much. While here Mr. Loader sold his residence on Ottawa street to Tony Nelson.

Special Holiday offer—Plate and 100 engraved cards for \$1.50. This is the price you paid five years ago, before the enormous raise in prices of all commodities. This offer will close December 15. Don't wait but order at once and assure yourself against disappointment of late delivery. Avalanche office.

Prof. Otterbein gave the Boy Scouts a nice compliment, when he told the audience at the close of the Y. M. C. A. mass meeting at the school house, Monday evening, that the improved order in the halls was due to their vigilance. One trouble is we don't trust our Scouts enough with responsibility. They are worthy and ever ready to shoulder responsibility in any worthy cause.

The Board of education has been extremely fortunate in prevailing upon Mrs. Otterbein to take up the work of teaching physical education in the schools. She has had special training in this branch of work at Mt. Pleasant Normal college and is splendidly equipped for this work. Physical training had been dropped in our schools because of the lack of a qualified teacher since Mr. Rundgaard withdrew from his contract, to teach in the Greenfield, Ohio, schools.

William Burt of Beaver Creek, has reopened the Nels Olson livery and feed stables on Cedar street, and is now doing business. Since Mr. Olson closed out the business last spring, Grayling has been without a feed stable, much to the inconvenience of the farmers and others coming to the city. M. Burt says that he has eight horses ready for business. They will also do teaming, hauling and a general feed business, and have horses for sale. Frank Millikin of Beaver Creek is assisting him in the work.

Friends of Hardin Sweeney will be pleased to learn of his rapid advancement in the military service of the country. One year ago he was a private in Uncle Sam's regular army; in December he won a second-lieutenant's commission; early last spring he passed and was commissioned a first lieutenant, and now he has successfully passed examination for captain, and awaits commission, which by this time he may have already received. This is a remarkable record for a young man of 21 years. "Capt." Sweeney is a graduate of Grayling schools, class of 1915, and was a former employee in the Avalanche office. He was specially keen in mathematics, his class mates say, and this no doubt has assisted him in his military career.

We stated once before that we hoped that some day he would become a "General" and we haven't changed our minds. Go after 'em, "Cyclone."

CALLED FOR MILITARY DUTY.

3rd Contingent Crawford County Boys to Leave Here Nov. 22.

Third contingent of Crawford county boys for the National Army are ordered to report in Grayling at 9:00 a. m. Thursday Nov. 22.

After reporting the men will then be under direct orders of the War department. A public meeting is being planned for the evening of that day to be held in the school auditorium, when a program will be rendered appropriate to the occasion.

Following are the names of those called to report:

John Middleton.
Lemuel C. Corning.
Stanley Plekua.
Daniel C. Babbitt.
Daniel H. Williams.
Thomas McGuire.
William T. E. Fruit.
John D. Lamminton.
Ford Middleton.
Patrick V. O'Regon.
Walter S. Shaw.

Five alternates are called to be on hand and in case any of the regularly called men fail, for any reason to report, their numbers will be made up from the following:

Floyd L. Taylor.
Ed McDermaid.
Robert Roblin.
Herbert Trudeau.
Gilbert Cram.

A special train to carry the men to Camp Custer, at Battle Creek is due to arrive here at 11:25 p. m. of the same day.

The meeting at the school house is public and everybody earnestly requested to be on hand to give the boys a good send-off.

Goodfellowship Club Notes.

The second meeting of the Club was held at the home of Mrs. George Alexander.

Roll call: Lessons of the summer.

It was voted to send \$2.00 to the Lloyd Starr Commonwealth for boys. Also to have this money presented to the other clubs of the town.

Moved and carried that the president appoint a committee to draw up resolutions to be sent to the sheriff recommending that inasmuch as women and children are annoyed and traffic held up on account of men lounging and loitering on certain corners of our main street, that he do his utmost to clear the walk, and keep them in a fit condition for pedestrians, and that he instruct his officers to do the same.

Moved and carried that resolutions be sent to the Boy Scouts, offering our co-operation, as well as confidence in their ability to sell the Xmas tuberculosis seals.

Report of the State Federation was read by Mrs. Schumann.

Press Sec.

Auto Owners Please Note.

The Department of State, charged with collecting the State tax on motor vehicles, would be glad if those interested in registering cars by January 1st would send in their applications at once.

Holding back until January, by those who want plates immediately, imposes a great task on the Department and occasions delay and discomfort that can readily be avoided if applications are sent in this month or early in December. All those who will require plates are urged to take prompt action as suggested.

Our Branch Office, 200 Majestic Building, Detroit, is prepared to issue plates to those who call, but not by mail. Mail orders should be sent to Department at Lansing.

This Department has nothing to do with the collection of the U. S. Federal tax. Applications can be secured now at the offices of village, city, county clerks, sheriffs, and all garages.

NOTE

For the year 1917 to November 1st, registration under the Motor Vehicle Law was as follows:

Pleasure cars.....205,557
Commercial cars.....19,518
Chauffeurs.....19,651
Transfers.....10,882
Motor Cycles.....8,685
Mrs. & Dealers.....850
Motor tax collected \$2,469,812.08.

3,000 Men Wanted in Quartermaster Section Enlisted Reserve Corps.

"The Quartermaster Enlisted Reserve corps require in the neighborhood of 3000 men to serve as clerks, blacksmiths, farriers, horseshoers, saddlers, storekeepers, tentmakers, wheelwrights, wagonmaster, assistant wagonmasters, skilled laborers, watchmen, packers, etc.

Any man between the ages of 18 and 42 is eligible for enlistment, provided he has not been called by his local board for examination, and is physically qualified.

Teamsters are especially wanted. Promotion in non-commissioned officers grades are very rapid for men of ability and experience in their particular trade.

There is being established near Jacksonville, Florida, a camp for the training of Quartermaster Enlisted men and it is contemplated sending all men enlisted in the Quartermaster corps to that camp for training in Quartermaster corps work.

Further information and application blank will be gladly furnished on request to Ralph B. Innis, Captain, Q. M. U. S. R.

Room 225, Federal Building, Chicago, Ill.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

Services are held in the "Danebod" every Sunday. Morning service, at 10:30 o'clock. Evening at 7:00 o'clock.

COMFORT FOR THE SOLDIERS.

DuPont Employees Make Up Fund For Xmas Smokes.

For a brief time the Avalanche conducted a tobacco fund department for benefit of American soldiers in France. This was discontinued several weeks ago and the accounts closed up, after most successful free-will donations.

However some of the boys at the Du Pont plant felt that they wished to add a little cheer for the boys in the trenches and thru the assistance of T. W. Fenton collected the neat sum of \$5.25 to be applied to the tobacco fund.

The subscriptions were received by the Avalanche Monday and that night the list of names of the donors and the amount donated were on their way to the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co., 212 Fifth Ave., New York City, who will do the rest. We hope the packages will reach the boys in time for Xmas.

Those who have never enjoyed the "weed" will never know the comfort that is derived from smoking. Especially so when one is on foreign soil, far from friends and home comforts. Really it is fine of the Du Pont men to think of a Xmas donation. Whether the donors ever hear from the recipients of the packages or not, they may rest assured that their kindness is fully appreciated.

Following is the list of donors for the Xmas tobacco fund; all of whom are employed at the Du Pont plant in this city:

August Vuiders, L. B. Howard, A. Lagrow, Louis LaMotte, Jr., Roy N. Case, Ebbon Lagrow, Dolph Charron, Barney Penn, Wm. H. Johnston, George Willet, Julius Geline, Otto Staudacker, Louis Larson, Francis McDermaid, Arthur Ostrander, John Beb, Glenn Owen, Joe LaDue, Clayton Tennant, and T. W. Fenton.

Amusement for Everyone.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will hold their bazaar next Wednesday, Nov. 21, at the Danebod hall.

Don't forget to come and bring the kiddies. There will be a booth just for the children. Balloons by the hundred, all sizes and colors; doll's dresses; coats and hats; popcorn balls; and many other things to please the babies.

Another booth will contain knitting bags—plain and fancy, and many of them beautiful and rich. Any woman will be proud to carry one of these bags.

Still another booth will hold all kinds of canned fruit, jam, jellies, pickles, etc. Add to your winter supplies.

Then there will be booths containing fancy articles, aprons of all sizes and styles, rag rugs, kitchen holders and many other useful articles.

In the evening coffee and sandwiches will be served and there will be a fine musical program. The boys New Orchestra will play several selections, Miss Yuill will play piano selections and there will be a chorus of little folks to sing, "The American Tipperary."

Ladies bring your husbands in the evening—let them have their fortunes told by a real palmist. Last of all but not least—"Ye old times village post office." Come and hear the funny local jokes and receive your parcel post packages, and have your post cards read before the audience. Two charming ladies will have charge of the village postoffice, and will keep you feeling good-natured by their witticisms.

Danish hall. November 21.

POSITIVE PROOF.

Should Convince the Greatest Skeptic in Grayling.

Because it's the evidence of a Grayling citizen.

Testimony easily investigated. The strongest endorsement of merit. The best proof. Read it.

Fred Aebil, Norway street, Grayling, says: "I have used Doan's kidney pills on a few occasions in the past, getting them at Lewis' Drug store, and they have proven very beneficial. Whenever I am subject to spells of lameness across my back and when colds have settled on my kidneys, I have used Doan's kidney pills. They have always cured me of the attack in a very short time."

Price 60 cents, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's kidney pills—the same that Mr. Aebil uses. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, New York.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

Rubbers and Overshoes

We have a full line of these goods. Buy here and save money.

We have a fine selection of Tennis Shoes in white and black.

Rapid Shoe Repair Shop

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r.
Next Door to Central Drug Store

For Friday and Saturday

Special Reductions in Children's Coats

Sizes from 2 to 6 and 6 to 14, at prices that are well worth your coming to see.

(See Window.)

Special Showing of Ladies' New Fall Suits for Friday and Saturday; 25 per cent off regular prices.

We have on display a complete showing of

Arrow and Monarch DRESS SHIRTS

for men. Specially priced at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00.

Better get your season's needs at these prices before they advance. Warranted fast colors.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

"The Quality Store."

SPECIALS for SATURDAY

ONLY. AS LONG AS THEY LAST

Bunches of Chrysanthemums, our selection, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a bunch.

Carnations 50c a dozen.

Grayling Greenhouses

New Buckeye

Kitchen Cabinet

Only \$14.98

The new Buckeye Cabinet is well known, has sliding table top, white enamel inside cupboard, swinging flour bin, upper panel in doors are filled with art glass and curtain roll on lower cupboard. Entire front is made of selected oak. We are offering you this fine cabinet, which will save you miles of steps, at only

\$14.98

Price named is strictly cash f. o. b. factory.

For further information ask the clerk.

SORENSEN BROS.

The Home of Dependable Furniture.

INSURANCE

It is more profitable to insure BEFORE the fire than AFTER

INSURE

Will not PREVENT the fire but it will give you a mighty thankful feeling after the flames have cleaned you out.

We represent some of the most substantial and prompt paying companies in the world, companies that do a tremendous business all over this country.

Only a trifling amount annually will protect you against the loss by fire of a life time of savings. Is it wise to delay even one single day?

O. Palmer FIRE INSURANCE and SURETY BONDS

37% More For Your Money
Get the Genuine
CASCARA QUININE
No advance in price for this 25-year-old remedy—25¢ for 24 tablets—Bottle sold separately for 21 tablets—Priced on proportionate cost per tablet, you save 37% when you buy this.
In 24 hours—grip back if it fails.
24 Tablets for 25¢.
At any Drug Store.

ACID POISONING!

The most eminent physicians recognize that uric acid stored up in the system is the cause of gout and rheumatism, that this uric acid poison is present in the joints, muscles, or nerves. By expertizing and analysis at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. Pierce discovered a combination of native remedies that he called An-uric, which drives out the uric acid from the system, and in this way the pain, swelling and inflammation subside. If you are a sufferer from rheumatism, backache, pain in the joints, or if you contain Anuric, double strength, at any drug store and get relief from the pains and ills brought about by uric acid, or send Dr. Pierce for trial pig. Anuric which you will find many times more potent than lithia and eliminates uric acid as hot water melts sugar. A short trial will convince you. Send a sample of your water to Dr. Pierce and it will be tested free of charge.

Anuric is a regular insurance and lifesaver for all big meat eaters and those who deposit lime-salts in their joints.

Horseace Proves Man's Age.
A man's age was decided in a peculiar manner before a Greenwich, England, court recently. The military authorities claimed that a man, George Frederick Grandeur, was not forty-three years old, and therefore still liable for service. The man's defense was that he was past his forty-third birthday. In support of this defense he stated that he was born on June 8, 1874, the day George Frederick won the Derby, and that he was named after the horse. The defense was accepted, and the man was discharged.

Mixed.
Peggy, aged three, is a very appreciative little soul, but she has a language all her own.
One afternoon the sun went down in a blaze of glory and Peggy stood gazing at it with blinking eyes.
"Oh, mother," she gasped, "what a grandiful skyset!"

Unusual.
"See anything unusual on your trip?"
"Yes. At one of the places where I stopped I found a ticket agent who didn't seem annoyed when I asked for a ticket."

Time gets away from an old man almost as quickly as money does from a young one.

Perhaps if your head were as clear as a whistle, it would not ache—
Try Kondon's for your headache
(at no cost to you)
50,000,000 have used this 25-year-old remedy. For chronic headache, sore nose, coughs, colds, sneezing, nose-bleed, etc. Write us for complimentary can, or buy tube at drugstore. It will benefit you four times more than it costs, or we pay money back. For trial can free write to KONDON'S, 100,000,000, Buffalo, N.Y.

Carter's Little Liver Pills
For Constipation
Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night.
Purely Vegetable
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Carter's Iron Pills
Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

Dr. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy
For the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it, 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE.
Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try **Morine Eye Remedy**
It is the only eye remedy that cures all eye troubles. Write for FREE SAMPLE.
Morine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Island of Mindoro.
So prolific was the island of Mindoro in the Philippines at one time in the production of rice that it was popularly called "the granary of the Philippines." Sugar, cotton, hemp, and other crops thrive on the island, when properly cultivated. Yet its economic conditions are extremely backward, and a large part of its population is in a constant state of poverty. It has altogether about 80,000 inhabitants. Among these are 18,000 Tagalogs, 7,200 Mangyanes, 2,000 Visayans, and of Ilocanos less than 1,000. Of the whole, over 7,000 are pronounced savage; a large proportion of the remainder are densely ignorant.

Wooster O., is consolidating municipal offices and abolishing several jobs.

CLEVELAND NEWS

Cleveland, Ohio.—"Anuric has certainly been of wonderful help in relieving my limbs and joints of rheumatic pains. At the time I commenced to take Anuric I had sharp pains in my shoulders; my knee joints were so bad that they made a cracking noise as I walked, and my right limb became so rheumatic that I could not depend upon it at all in going up or downstairs. Water was of a milky consistency and at time showed a brick-like sediment. Anuric has cured me of all these symptoms of kidney trouble and has restored me to a healthy physical condition once more. I would advise every man and woman who suffers with any kidney ailment to give Anuric a fair trial. It will surely repay them."—MRS. ANNA MAYER, 6419 Woodland Ave.—Adv.

As Old as His Son.
Sixty days in the workhouse was the sentence, but it had nothing to do with the startling reply of the prisoner, standing before Judge Pugh to receive justice on a charge of assault, relates the Philadelphia Press.
The usual number of questions was asked. Then the judge inquired: "Your father living?"
"Yes."
"How old is he?"
"Same age as me."
Judge Pugh glared.
"I said how old is your father?"
"As old as I am, your honor."
"Take care!" warned the court.
"Now, answer properly."
"I have," said the prisoner. "I became my father the same day I became his son."

Teamster's Life Saved.

WRITES LETTER THAT IS WORTH READING VERY CAREFULLY.

Peterson Bros.: I was afflicted with a very severe sore on my leg for years. I am a teamster. I tried all medicines and salves, but without success. I tried doctors, but they failed to cure me. I couldn't sleep for many nights from pain. Doctors said I could not live for more than two years. Finally, Peterson's Ointment was recommended to me and by its use the sore was entirely healed. Thank you, William Haase, West Park, Ohio, Mar. 22, 1915, care P. G. Reitz, Box 190.

Peterson says: "I am proud of the above letter and have hundreds of others that tell of wonderful cures of Eczema, Piles and Skin Diseases."
Peterson's Ointment is 25 cents at all druggists, and there isn't a broad minded druggist in America that won't praise it. After December 1st, Peterson's Ointment 30c.—Adv.

Gave Her a Tip.
It was her first voyage, and she had made herself disliked by the officers because of her many foolish questions. It fell to the lot of the steward to silence her.
"Doesn't this ship tip a good deal, sir?" she asked that official.
"Perhaps it does, madam; it is no doubt trying to set a good example to the passengers."

\$100 Reward, \$100
Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. KONDON'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. KONDON'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health, and assists nature in doing its work. \$100 for any case of Catarrh that KONDON'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists free. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Higher Authority.
"Mr. Brown is outside," said the new office boy. "Shall I show him in?"
"Not on your life!" exclaimed the Junior partner. "I owe him ten dollars."
"Show him in," calmly said the senior member of the firm. "He owes me twenty-five dollars."—Harper's Monthly.

Long Distance Cry.
Mamma—Now be a good little girl and stop crying.
Ruth (three years old)—Me won't stop crying till papa hears me.
Mamma—But he can't hear you; he's in New York.
Ruth—Den me'll dest have to cwy frou ze telephone.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletcher** in Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

His Profession.
"How your patient does keep up nurse."
"Yes, sir. He's an aviator."

The Sort.
"Jaggs regards local option with a sort of tigerish rage."
"Yes; a blind-tigerish rage."

From Florida.
Suit Case—Ever travel South?
Alligator Bag—Sure thing; that was my old home, you know.

Don't overdo anything. Too much gratitude takes on the appearance of expectation.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try **Morine Eye Remedy**
It is the only eye remedy that cures all eye troubles. Write for FREE SAMPLE.
Morine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

SHOT UNARMED BOY SCOUT.

"If people understood what the boy scout movement means in training boys to heroic service and making big, useful men of them, they would quickly rally to its support," said Mrs. A. C. Blackall, a visitor in Seattle and formerly vice president of the Woman's Liberal League, a political organization of West Australia.

"My husband and I were in England when the war broke out, and every boy scout was called into service by the British government to guard the railroads and public buildings and perform various other patriotic services. The deeds of heroism by boy scouts which we personally witnessed made me a lifetime advocate of boy scout work."

"Shortly after the war began, we, with hundreds of others, were on a train going from London to a Channel port, when the train came to a sudden stop. The engine had stopped within a foot or two of a boy scout guard, who, finding a boulder on the track too large for him to move, had placed himself on the track before the oncoming train, signaling it to stop. He held his ground, and his life would have been sacrificed had not the engineer succeeded in stopping the train in time. His heroism saved many lives and the demonstration those hundreds of passengers gave him is beyond description."

"Another boy scout, guarding an entrance of a government building in London, was approached by a spy, who threatened to shoot the boy if he did not allow him to pass. The unarmed boy scout refused to violate his trust and was shot through the heart by the spy. The shot attracted attention and the murderer was captured."

"These are but two of many incidents of boy scout heroism in the British Isles, and a movement which inculcates such patriotism and heroism in the hearts of boys is worthy of unstinted support."

SCOUTS AID THE SOLDIERS.

During "Off to France" exercises in Swayne field at Toledo, Ohio, boy scouts collected money to purchase supplies not issued by the government. When the Toledo soldiers were on the Mexican border this emergency fund came as a life saver.

It was not a government issue when Troop D needed rope to tether horses so they would not kick themselves to death, and when medicine was badly needed which was not obtainable from the government this emergency fund supplied it. One company while on the border sent to the railroad station for expected supplies. They came back with a mosquito netting, the only thing received that day. The commander bought food from this fund or the men would have had to go hungry. The boy scouts will try to see that their home soldiers will have all necessary comforts while in France.

SCOUTS DO NOT TAKE TIPS.

Said a boy scout usher, at a performance in the Municipal theater in St. Louis to a patron whom he had just shown to his reservation with Chesterfield courtesy and who sought to bestow a tip: "Thank you, sir, but the boy scouts do not accept gratuities."

This particular boy scout was a lad of about twelve years. He had the bearing of a prince—and he was a prince, a free American prince. The wonderful organization which is making men of so many thousands of American boys is teaching them many high things which are not taught in all homes, although they should be neglected in none. Besides truth and honor and self-reliance and self-respect, the boy scouts are taught the nobility of service.

SCOUTS AS VETS' ORDERLIES.

At the last annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic Commander William J. Patterson took occasion to thank the boy scouts for their many helpful acts. The scouts are now more numerous than the members of the Grand Army itself, and their services are deeply appreciated by the old soldiers, especially during reunions in the large cities. It is touching to see the boys acting as guides and aides to the aged men, attending to baggage and conveyances and supplying at once any information needed. Old soldiers feel a pride in young Americans that they can but faintly express.

SCOUTS RUN ENTIRE CITY.

Boy scouts of Lancaster, Pa., ran the city for an hour, during the city's busiest period, filling all the city offices from the mayor down and carrying on all police duties, including the traffic work. Scout Edward Meyer was mayor. The city officials did this to give the scouts a practical knowledge of civic government. All performed their duties astonishingly well. No doubt some parents spent a bad hour during this time of reversal of authority.

AMONG THE SCOUTS.

Every scout is an advertisement of the boy scout movement. It is not so much the wearing of the uniform; the scout is as much of a scout when he is asleep as when he is walking around the streets with a scout uniform. It is not the badge.
The attack of Waterloo will go down in boy scout history as the time when those helpful youngsters in Iowa attacked two trees lodged below the mill-dam and cut them up to secure wood to be given to the poor of that city.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription for special diseases, makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper—Adv.

No Cause for Action.

The arrest of Peter Leach was brought about by the activities of his buxom wife, relates an exchange. The couple were facing the judge.

Peter was a ne'er-do-well, come-day-go-day, shiftless sort of a chap, his main object in life seeming to be that of evading honest toil. Not only that; he had contracted the habit of coming home "full of booze" and beating his thrifty wife.

The testimony, to which the judge had listened patiently for an hour, was brought to a close after which his honor said: "It seems to me, Mrs. Leach, that is a case where prosecution is possible for nonsupport."

The woman drew herself up to her full and massive height and exclaimed in tones filled with honest rebuke: "Oh, your honor, they can't bring that up agin me. I've took in washin' an' gone out scrubbin' for the last ten years an' give him what you might say was a fine livin'! No, he can't bring that agin me, judge."

HEAL BABY RASHES

That Itch, Burn and Torture With Cuticura—Trial Free.

A hot Cuticura Soap bath is soothing to irritated skins when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. Use Cuticura for every-day toilet preparations to prevent such troubles. After this treatment baby sleeps mother rests and healment follows.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Spotted the Winner.

A gentleman who lived in central Africa for many years possesses an amusing drawing of a "race meeting" out there. A leopard is chasing, and rapidly overhauling, a fat old white man, and two gaily apparelled natives are lookers-on.

"Can you spot the winner?" murmured one to the other.
"The winner," is the solemn reply, "is spotted already!"

Desirable Change.

A lecturer said in a temperance address: "If I were Providence I'd introduce a change that would, I am convinced, convert the whole world to our cause. This simple but far-reaching change would consist in transferring the sick headache from the day after to the day before."

In a Bad Way.

"What do you know of the character of this man?" was asked of a witness at a police court the other day.

"What do I know of his character? I know it to be unbleachable, your honor," he replied with much emphasis.—Christian Register.

Contrary Advantage.

"How was it that Jones came so rapidly to the front?"

"He had the backing."

Fairview, Ky., monument to Jefferson Davis is delayed by labor shortage.

Heavy draught tugs are needed in Canada.

A wise attempt defeated is no failure.

Notice to Sick Women

The Experience of These Women Prove That There is a Remedy for Your Illness.

Aberdeen, Idaho.—"Last year I suffered from a weakness with pains in my side and back. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I did so. After taking one bottle I felt very much better. I have now taken three bottles and feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine I have ever taken and I can recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. PERCY PRESTIDGE, Aberdeen, Idaho.

Kingfisher, Okla.—"For two years I suffered with a severe female trouble, was nervous, and had backache and a pain in my side most of the time. I had dizzy spells and was often so faint I could not walk across the floor. The doctor said I would have to have an operation. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking ten bottles I am now well and strong, have no pain, backache or dizzy spells. Every one tells me how well I look and I tell them Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did it."—Miss NINA SOUTHWICK, R. F. D. No. 4, Box 33, Kingfisher, Okla.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND
has restored more sick women to health than any other remedy.

At Your Druggist's
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

FAULT-FINDING BAD HABIT

Is King of Indoor Sports But Causes Others Displeasure and Gains Critic Nothing.

Fault-finding is perhaps the king of indoor sports. Or should it be catalogued as the queen? It is one of the simplest of pleasures. There are millions of people who think they can display their superior taste or knowledge by finding fault.

The coffee is not right. My taste about coffee, therefore, is superior and more delicate than that of others. There is something lacking in the decorations or the furniture. My judgment, therefore, is somewhat superior to the other man's.

This habit of fault-finding is a most disagreeable one—one, too, that grows unless effort is made to overcome it, declares a writer in the Milwaukee Journal. It never appears to occur to fault-finders that they themselves may be lacking in taste or ability.

What is the need, anyway, of dampening the pleasures of others in their possessions or actions? One almost always can find something to commend. And if there is nothing whatever, one would be well to be gentle in criticism, or else say nothing. There are countless little things we may wish were different, but it is not good to keep pointing them out. Silence about trifling things this one does not like is a virtue.

Let us guard our tongues against useless fault-finding. Let us trim ourselves to the best model we can find and remember we are not responsible for the conduct or the works of the world at large. The world may be wrong sometimes. But it may frequently be right when we think it wrong. And we ourselves have no claim to perfectness in judgment or taste.

Skittish.

"Marry money, my boy; marry money."
"Um?"
"It's just as easy to love a rich girl as a poor girl."
"But it isn't as easy to get 'em to marry you, old top."

One of the first duties of a Christian is to learn to smile.

A wise attempt defeated is no failure.

Notice to Sick Women
The Experience of These Women Prove That There is a Remedy for Your Illness.
Aberdeen, Idaho.—"Last year I suffered from a weakness with pains in my side and back. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I did so. After taking one bottle I felt very much better. I have now taken three bottles and feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine I have ever taken and I can recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. PERCY PRESTIDGE, Aberdeen, Idaho.
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LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

HORSE SALE DISTEMPER

You know that when you sell or buy through the sales you have about one chance in fifty to escape SALE DISTEMPER. "SPOHN'S" is your true protection, your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat all your horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed." 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 dozen bottles, at all good druggists, horse goods houses, or delivered by the manufacturer, SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

WILL POWER AND INSOMNIA

Relaxation, Assisted by Beautiful and Benevolent Thoughts, Cited as Sure Cure for Sleeplessness.

A noted hygienist tells of a man who was on the borderland of nervous breakdown and the joy of brain and muscle was fast receding, notes the Ohio State Journal. But he got well and sound again by attending safely to his relaxation. Insomnia was his greatest trouble, and when he went to bed it was to toss and hob around in mind and body until he fell into a restless sleep. He cured this by relaxation. That is, by yielding his body to the gentle pressure of bed and pillow and nervous exertion. It is the old doctrine of power through repose, a lovely idea, but not always realizable. The trouble is one soon forgets the relaxation, and so tries to practice it that he is apt to fall into a contortion.

The hygienist leaves out the main idea. He resorts to the will power, while the real secret is a resort to the moral power, which means falling under the sway of beautiful and benevolent thoughts, and then the relaxation will take care of itself. One of these methods is to think of the people you don't like, and then proceed to love them all, and you will find the pillow and the bed will render their full service and sustain all your physical and mental infirmities.

Fast Runners.

She looked with some apprehension over the gingham spread before her. "These don't look like fast colors to me," she said.

"Indeed they are, ma'am," answered the shopman. "You just ought to see them when they begin to run."

The essence of humor is sensibility, warm, tender fellow-feeling with all forms of existence.

Pessimists are seldom as tired of the world as the world is of them.

Drink as many Cups as you like!

If you're fond of coffee's flavor, but find that you must stop its use because of sleeplessness or some other inconvenience, suppose you try

Instant Postum

Many of your friends and neighbors are using this delicious cereal beverage, for it answers every purpose as a table drink perfectly.

There's no harm in Postum—just the healthful richness of the field grains.

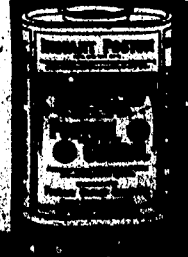
Best of all, everyone can drink it—children and grown-ups—as many cups as they like.

Made in America. Sold by Grocers—No increase in price.

50-cup Tin 30c.

100-cup Tin 50c.

"There's a Reason"



A Letter From Washington

The Food Administrator Writes Us:

"The use of baking powder breads made of corn and other coarse flours instead of patent wheat flour is recommended by the Conservation Division of the Food Administration. The wheat needed for export is thus conserved, and at the same time healthful food for our own people is provided. The circulation of recipes providing for these uses would be of assistance in carrying out our plans."

The following recipes for Corn Bread and Rye Rolls save wheat flour and make attractive and wholesome food for every day when made with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

CORN BREAD

1 1/2 cups corn meal
1/2 cup flour
4 level teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1 tablespoon sugar
1/2 teaspoon salt
1 1/2 cups milk
2 tablespoons shortening

Mix thoroughly dry ingredients; add milk and melted shortening. Beat well; pour into well greased pan and bake in hot oven about 25 minutes.

Our red, white and blue booklet "Best War Time Recipes" containing additional similar recipes sent free on request. Address Royal Baking Powder Company, Dept. H, 135 William Street, New York.

RYE ROLLS

2 cups rye flour
1/2 teaspoon salt
4 level teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1/2 cup milk
2 tablespoons shortening

Sift dry ingredients together; add milk and melted shortening. Knead on floured board; shape into rolls. Put into greased pans and allow to stand in warm place 10 to 15 minutes. Bake in moderate oven 25 to 30 minutes.

interesting Letter from France.

(Continued from first page)

fact that we had just been down to the train, then back again to meet the second train and it really is pathetic to see those boys enroute on those cattle cars, 32 to a car, packed in like sardines. We had to awaken the last train load as it was 11 p. m. and when the doors were unlocked and we started waking them, it was both laughable and pitiful as they couldn't imagine where they were and kept saying, "Where are we, you are speak-

ing English." Had little difficulty in getting them to understand that we were really Americans.

Two more trains this a. m. at five and six o'clock and eight more trains coming today and tomorrow, four each day, we meet them all and try and do our little bit toward cheering them on. Forgive to mention that hot coffee and gingerbread as well as cigarettes are served; each one marches in line and gets his portion. You can know what an undertaking it is for the American Red Cross when each train contains anywhere from 800 to 1200

men, but it is handled wonderfully well. U. S. and French flags floating to the breeze to greet them. Of all that army of men yesterday only one from the whole crowd had to be brought to our hospital and Major McLean operated right away—appendix—bad one, found a grape seed lodged in it, boy 19, he was glad to get off and get in a clean bed altho he was frightened to death at first, took a very good anaesthetic and is in good condition this a. m. and quite happy to be with us. Is really exciting for us who are expecting them and prepared to greet them. Imagine their feelings when we are literally sprung on them or at them like "Jack in the box" stunts. They can't talk fast enough and questions galore.

One Captain asked me where I was from and when I said Detroit he let a yell out of him and called another officer over and I was kept busy answering questions. Other girls met some they really knew from their homes in various parts of our country. Allie Hart met a fellow she used to go to school with in Pontiac and they nearly wept tears of joy in each others arms. They all went on cheered because we like it so well here and have had ample time to test it out. They had the terrible vision that we had of terrible conditions here but one does not get that unless they get up in northern France, and those towns are being rebuilt by our Red Cross.

Will number all my letters in the future so let me know if any misses you. This will be No. 1.

Ruth is off duty with a cold but feeling much better this a. m., she says she is going to the train this p. m.

Girls send love, heaps from

Bertha Woodburn.

Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-1-17 F. R. Deckrow.

Important Notice

Are you getting full value for your Hides, Furs, Wool, Tallow and Junk of all kinds?

In addition to prompt settlements by M. Levine & Co. on all shipments of furs, rubbers and other stock, you are assured and insured of Highest Market Prices. If you have anything in our line make a trial shipment and label it to M. Levine & Co. and watch the standard of efficiency you will receive here. At present we are paying the following prices:

Beef Hides, No. 1, . . . \$.21 per lb.	Mixed Rags, . . . \$ 2.00 per cwt.
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Rubbers, . . . " 7.00 "
Calf " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Auto Tires, . . . " 5.00 "
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Copper Wire, . . . " 21.00 "
Horse " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Red Brass, . . . " 19.00 "
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Yellow Brass, . . . " 13.00 "
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Tin Foil, . . . " 30.00 "

SHIP ALL GOODS BY FREIGHT

References—Cheboygan State Bank
Cheboygan County Savings Bank
American Express

M. LEVINE & CO.

Cheboygan, Michigan

PRIVATE SALE

I will sell at private sale at my farm, located one-fourth Mile East of Beaver Creek School House.

Beginning Monday, Nov. 19, 1917

The following articles, to-wit:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 Horse twelve years old | 1 Spring Tooth Harrow |
| 1 Horse seven years old | 1 Wagon |
| 1 Horse three years old | 1 Sleigh |
| 7 COWS | 1 Cutter Geer |
| 2 Yearlings, 1 to be fresh May 1st | 1 Mowing Machine |
| Chickens | 3 Sets Harness |
| 2 Geese | Household articles and many |
| 2 Plows | other articles too numerous to |
| 2 Cultivators | mention. |

TERMS OF SALE:—All sales of \$5.00 or under cash. On all larger amounts, six months time will be given on good bankable notes bearing interest at 7 per ct.

JOHN ROENSPIES

"UP TO YOU" SAYS EMPEY

Arthur Guy Empey, American boy who went into the British army after the Lusitania disaster, who served two years, who came back to write that great book "Over the Top," says in America's greatest newspaper, the New York Times:

"Then," he went on, with a change of tone, and with admiration in his voice that showed how he felt before he had got to the end of his sentence, "there is the Y. M. C. A. You people in America ought to do everything you can to help the Y. M. C. A. It is the real home of the American soldier in France. It can't give him his loved ones, but it gives him the comforts and interests and pleasures of home. It brings home to him there in the mud of the trenches. And those Association men aren't drawing any wonderful salaries, either; they are volunteers, and they are in the midst of the mud and the firing, as the soldiers are, to make the soldier comfortable and help him maintain the religion and the manliness that he had when he went into the war. The Y. M. C. A. doesn't make any distinction in any way—Protestant, Catholic, Jew, atheist, every one is welcome.

"Show me the soldier who makes a disparaging remark about the Y. M. C. A. or its work, and I'll show you a soldier who is a detriment to the army, who is constantly in trouble, and who has lost the respect of officers and mates. It's up to you people here at home to help the Y. M. C. A."

Have you done your bit?

Y.M.C.A. STANDS BY CLEAR TO FRONT

TEACHES FOREIGNERS TO BE GOOD SONS OF UNCLE SAM—CURES HOMESICKNESS.

FOLLOWS SOLDIER ACROSS

Dug-Outs Cheer Soldier Last Thing Before Battle—"Last Evidence That Somebody Cares."

Michigan through the Y. M. C. A. is in the midst of the big drive to raise a million and a quarter dollars for the American soldier. The man and the woman who have been to Camp Custer do not ask "What for?" Those who have asked Michigan soldiers in camp what they think of the Y. M. C. A. do not ask "What for?"

The great lighted buildings in the rain and cold of a late autumn afternoon, a place for homesick boys to hear music and play games and read, they are what the Y. M. C. A. is paying for.

A bunch of foreign boys, sitting eager, interested, before a Y. M. C. A. teacher, learning to speak the language of Uncle Sam—that is what the Y. M. C. A. is paying for. A thousand of these foreign-speaking sons of America are being taught to speak and write and read, to get in touch with what the country is doing through the newspapers and the men around them.

Men at play on the drill grounds at termoons, men at play in the big clean buildings at night—that is what the Y. M. C. A. is paying for.

This is in Michigan, here at home. It is only the beginning of the story of what the Y. M. C. A. is doing.

Standing By Overseas.

When the soldier goes out from Camp Custer down to the sea to go across the Y. M. C. A. will go along. In great tents or buildings at the embarkation points along the coast, when the first great sweep of distance from home has brought its homesickness, the Y. M. C. A. with its piano, its lighted rooms, its games will be there. It will be there to the boys of Michigan just as it has been at Camp Mills on Long Island when the National Guard armies of the East have come down to the coast to take ship.

When Michigan boys land in France the Y. M. C. A. will be there, it is there today meeting other boys who have gone over and it will be there when it is needed a thousand times more than it is needed on Michigan soil, great as the need is here. The soldiers of Michigan will be in a strange land, a land so busy that it has no time to entertain the men of other lands; there will be no one to talk the language, and there will be the hard temptation of women whose invitation needs no language. The Y. M. C. A. will be there with the bright, clean buildings, the songs of home and the friendly men.

Finally when Michigan boys go down to the trenches, when they go out to go over the last great top, in a dug-out within the range of close fire, the Y. M. C. A. will be present. With a "God-speed" and a cup of hot chocolate the Y. M. C. A. will give the "last evidence that anyone cares." For three weary years the British Y. M. C. A. has been down there behind the thin, red line behind its army. Now the American army is coming and the American Y. M. C. A. is coming too.

Filling the holes, filling the vacant spaces in the lives of the men behind the battle fronts, spaces that have been filled with companionship with wives and mothers in American homes, this is the business of the Y. M. C. A. overseas.

Not preaching, not telling the men not to sin but acting and giving the men healthy activity and clean amusement to take the place of reckless debauchery in foreign towns full of bad liquor and worse women—this is the job of the Y. M. C. A.

You can't go with your boy—send the Y. M. C. A.

CAMP Y. M. C. A. PLACE TO VISIT

These are Michigan folks, eating lunch with their boy in one of the Y. M. C. A. buildings at Camp Custer. A lot of people come out to camp on Sunday. The boys wait in crowds around the fence where the car pulls in from Battle Creek to see whether their folks have come. Then the boys take these "tenderfeet" from back home around the camp. But that isn't all, they want a chance to talk and to



MICHIGAN FOLKS AT CUSTER VY.

at the lunches that have been brought from home. The barracks filled with bunks are not the place to have the talk out and they are still less the place to eat what is in the big baskets. The Y. M. C. A. keeps "open house" to all these visitors and here the boys have taken fathers, mothers, wives and sweethearts on the many rainy Sundays this fall. It is just one of the Y. M. C. A.'s ways of being handy, of doing the thing that needs to be done. To let the folks in on Sunday sort of "keep the home fires burning" and it gives the boy a memory of the folks that sticks by the Y. M. C. A. building after they have gone home.

LEADERS PUSH Y. M. C. A. DRIVE

Berrien County Takes First Big Gift At Start.

Berrien county led off in the big state war fund campaign when it wired into state Y. M. C. A. headquarters Thursday of last week "One \$1,000 gift, two \$500."

Harry Lauder, the Scotchman, who has made millions laugh in every city of this land and most of Europe, gave a grand opener to Detroit's campaign for \$700,000 in the Armory Sunday afternoon when he told the solemn story of the war.

The great churches of the cities of Michigan, the little country churches, opened their services to the story of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday.

Campaign committees are at the top of their drive in every county in the state.

Soldiers from Camp Custer, Brigadier General Miller and Morse, several high staff and regimental officers, and a score of non-commissioned officers and privates have gone out into the cities and towns all over Michigan to tell the people of the state what the Y. M. C. A. means in camp.

The boys' campaign to "earn and give" \$10 a piece was led off by the boys of Highland Park high school, Detroit, one hundred of whom got together in the very beginning of the campaign and pledged \$1,000. Boys all over the state are looking for jobs that will earn them the \$10 they need. Detroit manufacturing concerns are allowing boys to come in and stay long enough to earn their funds.

The state is divided into seven great districts outside of Detroit for purposes of carrying on the campaign.

12,000 Men at Y. M. C. A. Meetings. At Camp Mills, the temporary embarkation point on Long Island, 15,000 letters are written on a Sunday by the 12,000 men. Here 30 secretaries are working in the six tents. The attendance of 12,000 men a day at religious meetings is not extraordinary.

Certain Cure for Croup.

Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Brott, deceased.
Alton Brott having filed in said court a petition praying that a certain instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, George W. Brott, now on file in said court be admitted to probate, and that the administration of said will and of said estate be granted to Alton Brott or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 3rd day of December, A. D. 1917, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

OSCAR PALMER,
11-15-3 Judge of Probate.

State of Michigan.

The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.

Nettie Hamel, Plaintiff,

vs.

Frederic Hamel, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery, on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1917, at the Village of Grayling, in the said County of Crawford.

It is satisfactorily appearing to the court by affidavit on file that a chancery summons has been duly issued out of and under the seal of said court, for the appearance of said defendant therein, and that the same could not be served on said defendant because that after diligent search and inquiry it could not be ascertained in what state of country the said defendant resides, or the whereabouts of said defendant learned, and that said chancery summons has been returned by the sheriff of said county with his certificate thereon endorsed that after diligent search and inquiry he was unable to find the said defendant, within the state of Michigan on or before the return day of said summons, on motion of James B. Ross, attorney for said plaintiff, IT IS ORDERED, That said defendant, Frederic Hamel, cause his appearance to be entered in this cause within three months after the date of this order, and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the plaintiff's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof served upon the plaintiff's attorney, within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order, and that in default thereof said bill be taken as confessed by said defendant.

And on like motion, it is further ordered that within twenty days after the date hereof, the plaintiff cause a notice of this order to be published in the Grayling Avalanche, a newspaper printed, published, and circulating in said county of Crawford, and that such publication be continued at least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

And on like motion, it is further ordered, that the said plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be mailed to said defendant, at his last known postoffice address, by registered mail, and a return receipt demanded, at least twenty days before the date herein prescribed for his appearance.

James B. Ross, Nelson Sharpe, Circuit Judge.
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Business Address:
West Branch, Michigan. 11-8-7

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said county, on the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Ellen Hayes, deceased.

Charles H. Ford having filed in said court his petition, praying that the administration of said estate be granted to John J. Niederer or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 30th day of November, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper, printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

OSCAR PALMER,
Judge of Probate 11-8-3

WALL PAPERING and DECORATING

The latest and most approved designs for wall covering. Also all kinds of house painting.

EXPERT WORKMANSHIP
ORDERS PROMPTLY LOOKED AFTER

Conrad Sorenson
Painter and Decorator

Phone 611 Grayling

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OINTMENT

(COMPOUND)
For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Price 25c., at all druggists or mailed.
Send Free Sample of Ointment to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company
126 William Street, New York.

SICK STOCK

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Time Card
In effect May 6th, 1916.

Read Down. Read Up.

A. M.	P. M.	Grayling	A. M.	P. M.
7:00	7:35	iv	11:50	12:15
8:18	8:43	iv	1:40	2:05
9:24	9:49	iv	2:40	3:05
10:30	10:55	iv	3:40	4:05
11:40	12:05	iv	4:40	5:05
1:10	1:35	iv	5:40	6:05
1:45	2:10	iv	6:40	7:05
2:20	2:45	iv	7:40	8:05
3:47	4:12	iv	8:40	9:05
4:53	5:18	iv	9:40	10:05
5:53	6:18	iv	10:40	11:05
6:17	6:42	iv	11:05	11:30

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